

initial design to develop a cadastral system that supports digital cadastre, 3D and provenance for Singapore

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5th International Workshop on 3D Cadastres
Athens, Greece
18 – 20 October 2016

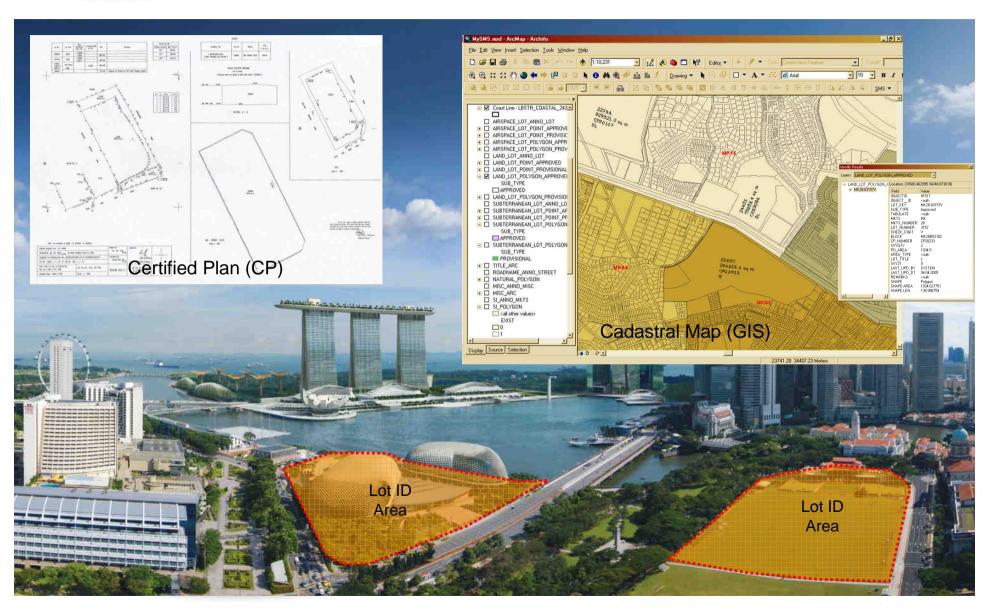


Outline

- Background
 - Existing cadastral processes in Singapore
- Cadastral Survey Management System
 - Digital Cadastre with SG LandXML
 - SG LADM
 - 3D
 - Provenance Management
- Conclusion



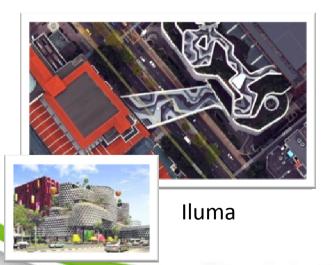
Cadastre is in 2D





The world is 3D





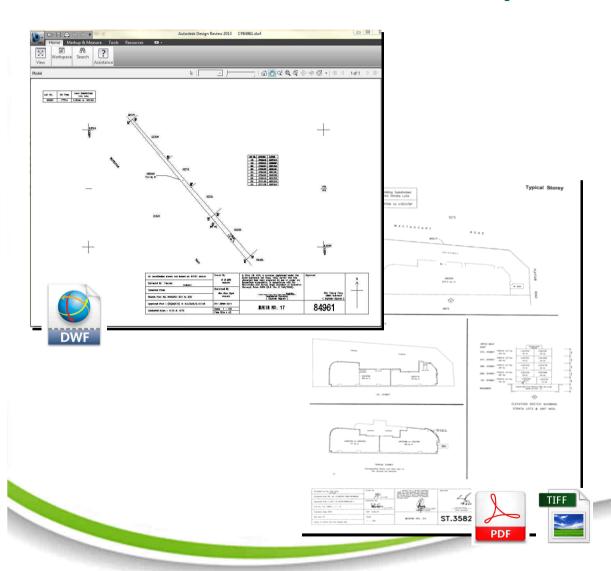


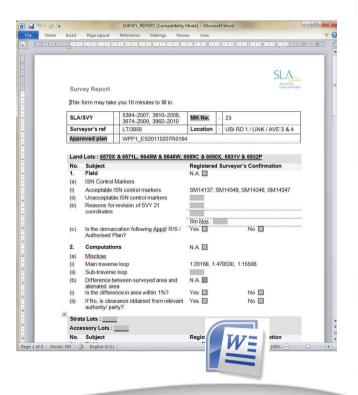






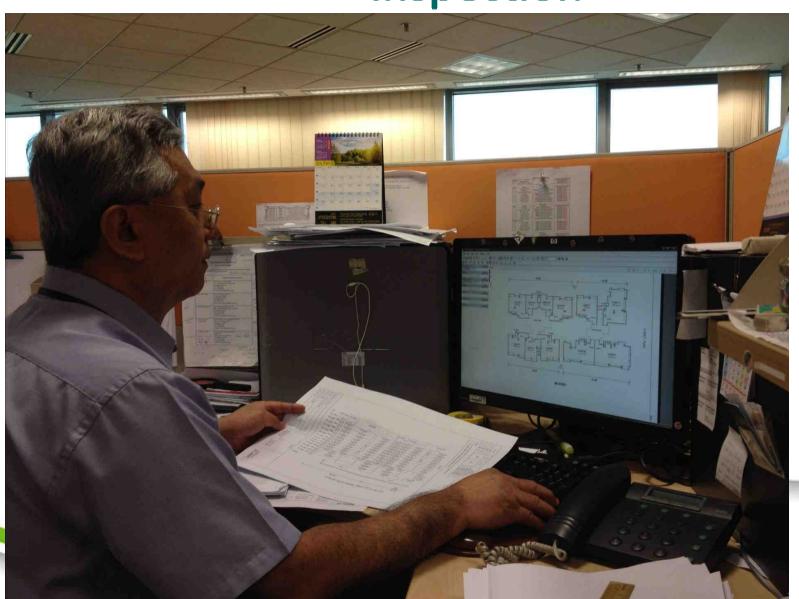
Existing cadastral submissions in machine-non-processable formats







Time consuming with eye ball inspection





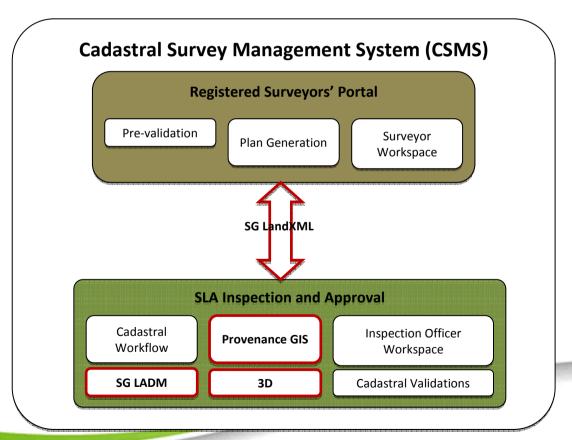
Three thrusts to tackle

- Adding Vertical Dimension and Time
 - 3D Cadastres
 - Provenance Management
- Adopting Open Standards for Automation and Data Interoperability
 - LandXML
 - ISO LADM
- Providing a Proactive Communication Platform
 - Registered Surveyor Submission Portal
 - Pre-validation and Interactive Communication



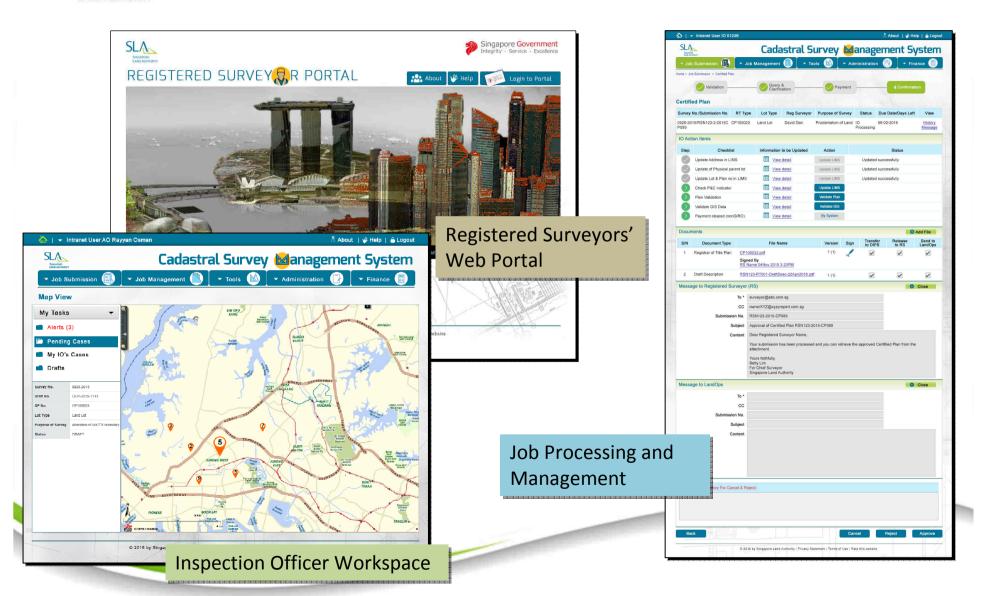
Cadastral Survey Management System

The Singapore Land Authority (SLA) has embarked on the design and development of CSMS project





CSMS mock-ups



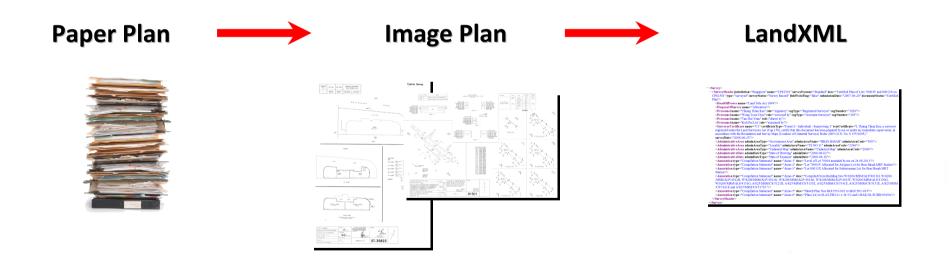


Innovation in Cadastre





Together with Australia and New Zealand, Singapore have been streamlining cadastral processes based on LandXML





SG LandXML

Singapore Custom Features are mostly defined through additional <Feature> or <PlanFeature>

Transformation Parameters and

```
<Feature name="Parameters"</pre>
   <Property label="b2" value="-88.061250" />
(/Feature)
<Feature name="Residuals">
  <Feature name="Residual">
  <Property label="station" value="1" />
     <Property label="northing" value="-0.001" />
     <Property label="easting" value="0.002" />
   </Feature>
  <Feature name="Residual">
     </Feature>
... as many as control </Feature>
<Feature name=" Misclose">
   <Property label="anglularMisclose" value="-16" />
   <Property label="miscloseRatio" value=" 1:65787"</pre>
</Feature>
```

Control Points

Leveling Details

```
<Feature name="Header</pre>
 <Property label="from" value="VCP80172"/>
<Property label="to" value="VCP80172"/>
<Feature name="VcpIntegrityCheck">
 <Feature name="VCP">
    </Feature>
  (Feature names"detail")
    <Property label="stn" value="W2"/>
    <Property label="is" value="1.462"/>
<Property label="rf" value="0.001"/>
    <Property label="rl" value="110.892"/>
<Property label="al" value="110.894"/>
     <Property label="rmk" value="witness mark 2"/</pre>
  «Eesture name="detail">
    <Property label="stn" value="W1"/>
    <Property label="is" value="1.492"/>
<Property label="rf" value="-0.030"/>
    Property label="rl" value="110.862"/>
<Property label="rl" value="110.862"/>
<Property label="rl" value="110.863"/>
<Property label="rmk" value="witness mark 1"/</pre>
//Festures
<Feature name="detail">
 <Property label="stn" value="VCP80172"/>
<Property label="bs" value="1.538"/>
  <Property label="rl" value="110.891"/>
  <Property label="al" value="110.891"/>
</Feature>
  <Property label="stn" value="CP1"/>
  <Property label="bs" value="1.196"/>
 Property label="is" value=""/>
<Property label="fs" value="1.412"/>
<Property label="rf" value="+.126"/>
```

Encroachments

```
(PlanFeature name ="E1" desc="area enclosed by fence"
       (IrregularLine)
          <Start>38244.076 30474.841</Start>
          <End>38243.939.30475.207
          <Pntlist20>
              38244.076 30474.841
              38246.938 30476.324
              38246.938 30476.324
              38244.076 30474.841
          </PntList2D>
       </IrregularLine>
   </r>

CoordGeom>
   <Feature name="encProps">
      <Property label="code" value="fence" />
       <Property label="geomType" value="polygon" />
      <Property label="pclRef" value="MK18-400018" />
<Property label="occRef" value="fence1" />
<Property label="area" value="3.4" />
</PlanFeature>
```

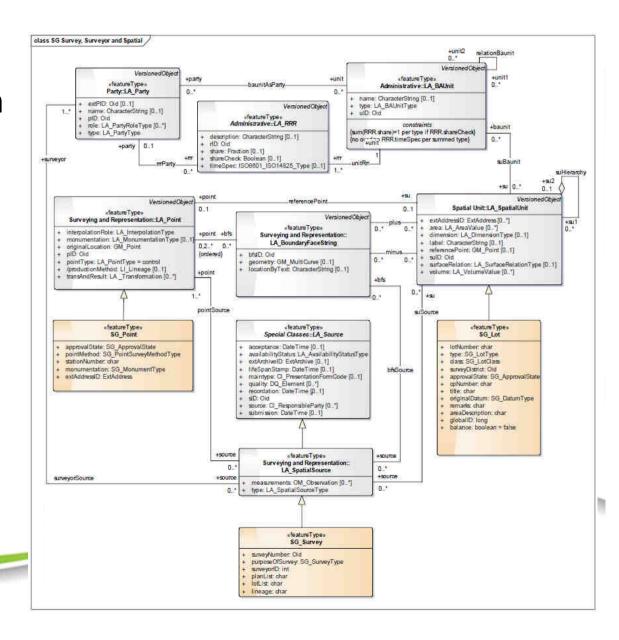
Using algebra to define lineage

```
<Property
    label="lineage"
    value="P2+P3=P4; P4=P5+P6+P7+P8+P9; P1+P6=P10"/>
```



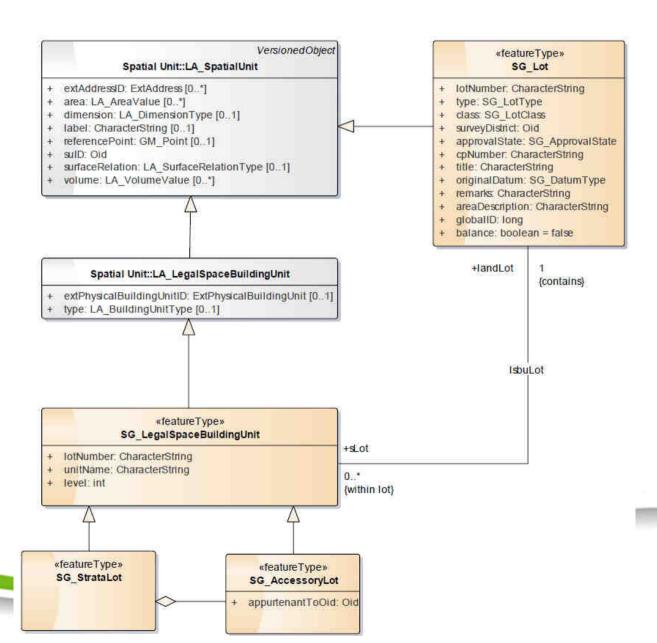
SG LADM

- Completed with Conceptual Design
- Constructing the physical structure



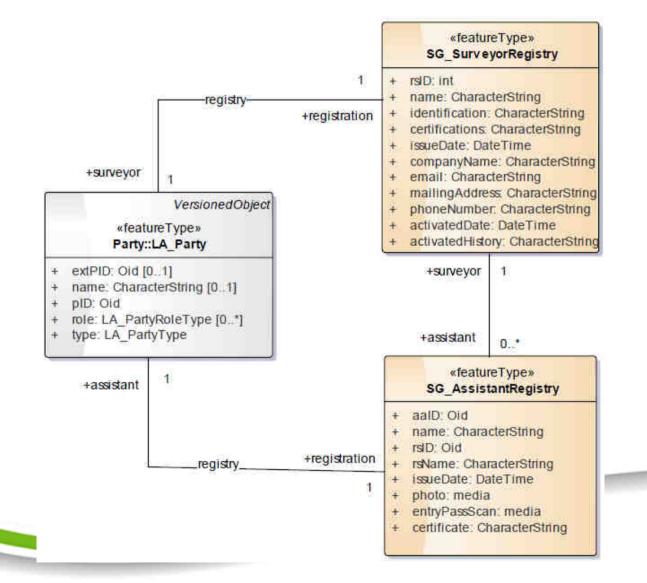


SG LADM (LA_SpatialUnit)





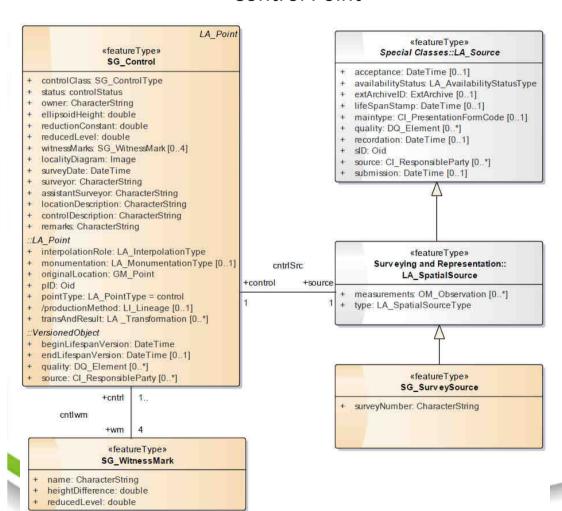
SG LADM (LA_Party)





SG LADM (LA_Point)

Control Point

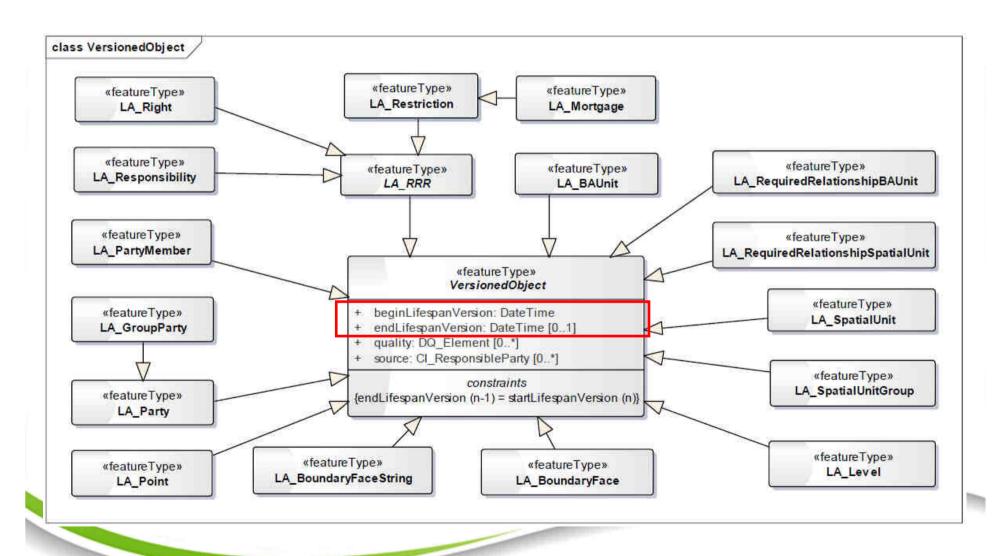


Boundary Point

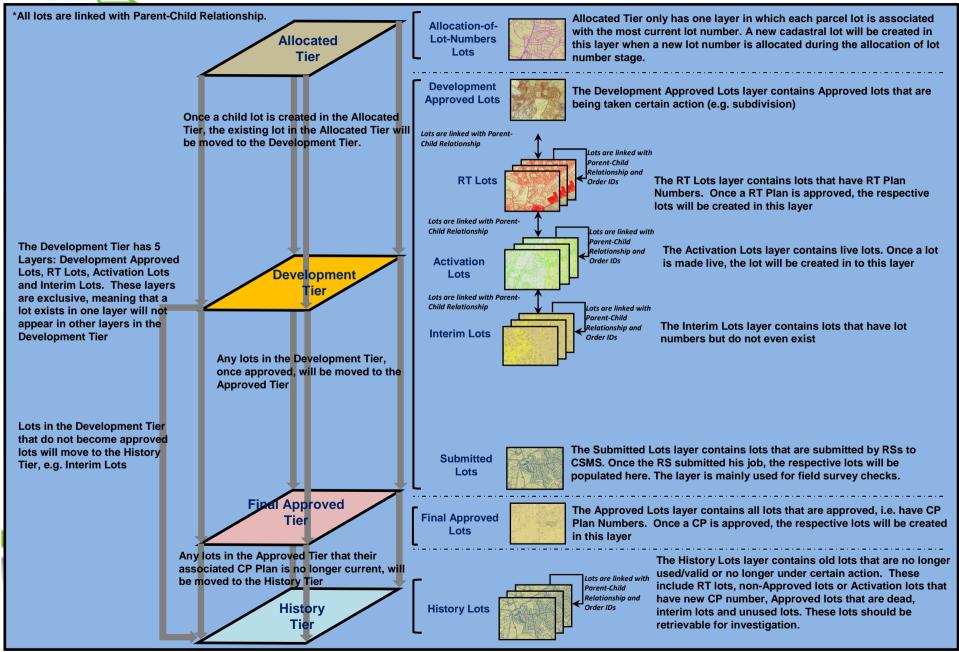
LA Point «featureType» SG Point + approvalState: SG ApprovalState pointMethod: SG PointSurveyMethodType stationNumber, char monumentation: SG MonumentType extAddressID ExtAddress ::LA Point interpolationRole: LA InterpolationType monumentation: LA MonumentationType [0...1] originalLocation: GM Point pID: Oid pointType: LA PointType = control /productionMethod: LI Lineage [0...1] transAndResult: LA Transformation [0..*] -VersionedObject beginLifespanVersion: DateTime + endLifespanVersion: DateTime [0..1] quality: DQ Element [0..*] source: Cl. ResponsibleParty [0. *]



SG LADM (VersionedObject)



SLA Parcel evolves in different approval states





Provenance Management

Jun 1, 2015 Oct 3, 2015

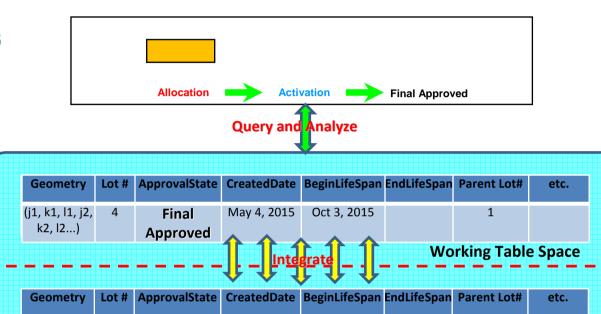
BeginLifeSpan EndLifeSpan

1

Parent Lot#

etc.

Approval States



Oracle Spatial (SG LADM)

(a1, b1, c1,

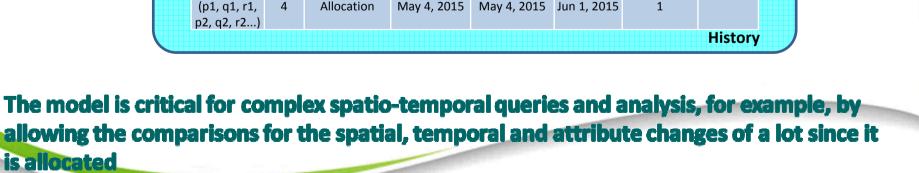
a2, b2, c2...)

Geometry

Activation

ApprovalState

Allocation



May 4, 2015

CreatedDate



2D and 3D parcel representations

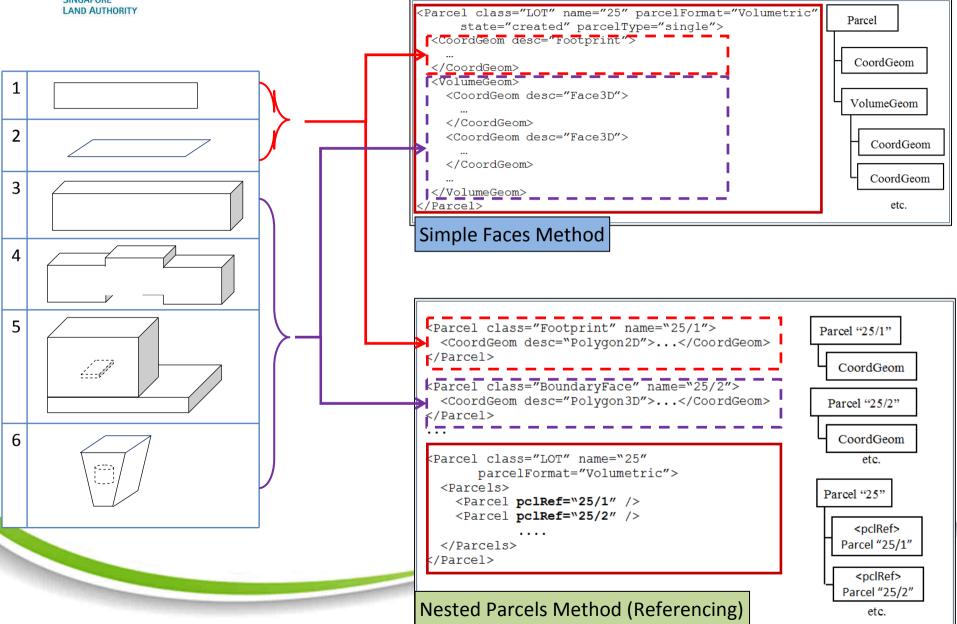
#	Lot Categories	Examples
1	2D Lot (no z/elevation) (most existing cadastres have this type of lot. It is still important to include this type in 3D cadastral database)	N _x , E _x
2	Surface Lot (with z/elevation, which is based on terrain or a constant z) (this type has limited depth or height) (referred as BoundaryFaceString in LADM)	N _a , E _a , h _a
3	Polygonal Sliced Lot (standard 3D parcels. This type includes airspace, subterranean, strata/building format)	
4	Single-valued Stepped Lot (any x, y location, only one range (Z_{min} , Z_{max}) (diff levels of top/bottom, but one volume)	Zmax
5	Multi-valued Stepped Lot (any x, y location, can have more than one range $[Z_{min}, Z_{max}]$) (diff levels of top/bottom, and one than one volume)	Zmax, 2 Zmin, 2 Zmax, 1 Zmin, 1
6	More Complex 3D (Polygonal Sliced + Single-valued Stepped + Multi-valued Stepped) + (curved surface, slanted wall)	

Constitute majority of parcels

(after Thompson, et al 2015)



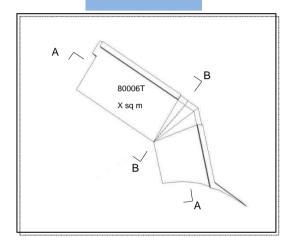
2D and 3D LandXML encoding





Converting 170 over subterranean lots from plans to 3D GIS

Plan

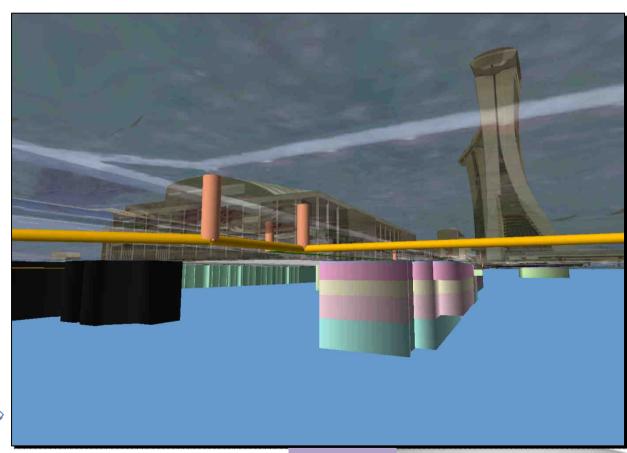




Section B-B



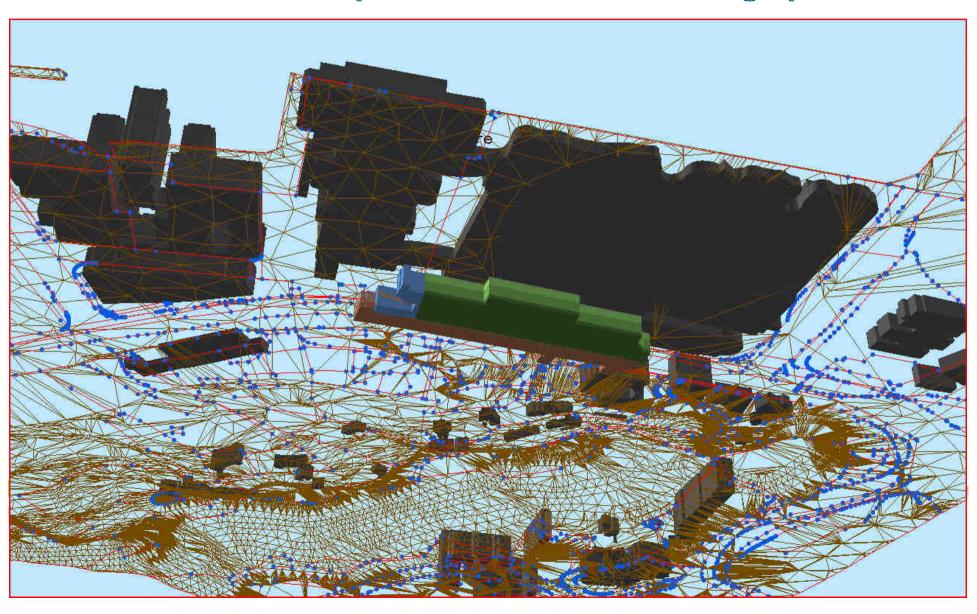
Section A-A



3D GIS



SLA By 2020: a 3D digital cadastral system with provenance for Singapore





Thank you!

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LandXML









Parse-able & Exchangeable

```
<vs:olomont name="SurveyHeader";</pre>
+<xs:annotation></xs:annotation>
 -<xs:complexType mixed="true">
    <xs:choice minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
       <xs:element ref="Annotation" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
       <xs:element ref="AdministrativeArea" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
       <xs:element ref="AdministrativeDate" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
       <xs:element ref="CoordinateSystem" minOccurs="0"/>
       <xs:element ref="Units" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element ref="MapPoint" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
<xs:element ref="Personnel" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:element ref="FieldNote" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
       <xs:element ref="Feature" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
       <xs:element ref="SurveyorCertificate" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:element ref="PurposeOfSurvey" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      <xs:element ref="HeadOfPower" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
     </xs:choice>
     <xs:attribute name="name" type="xs:string" use="required"/>
     <xs:attribute name="desc" type="xs:string"/>
    <xs:attribute name="purpose" type="purposeType"/>
<xs:attribute name="startTime" type="xs:dateTime"/>
     <xs:attribute name="endTime" type="xs:dateTime"/>
     <xs:attribute name="surveyorFirm" type="xs:string"/>
     <xs:attribute name="surveyorReference" type="xs:string"/</pre>
    <xs:attribute name="surveyorRegistration" type="xs:string"/>
     <xs:attribute name="surveyPurpose" type="xs:string"/>
     <xs:attribute name="type" type="surveyType"/>
     <xs:attribute name="class" type="xs:string"/>
     <xs:attribute name="county" type="xs:string"/>
     <xs:attribute name="applyAtmosphericCorrection" type="xs:boolean"/>
     <xs:attribute name="pressure" type="xs:double"/>
     <xs:attribute name="temperature" type="xs:double"/>
     <xs:attribute name="applySeaLevelCorrection" type="xs:boolean"/>
    <xs:attribute name="scaleFactor" type="xs:double"/>
     <xs:attribute name="seaLevelCorrectionFactor" type="xs:double"/>
     <xs:attribute name="combinedFactor" type="xs:double"/>
     <xs:attribute name="jurisdiction" type="jurisdictionType"/>
     <xs:attribute name="submissionDate" type="xs:date"/>
    <xs:attribute name="documentStatus" type="documentStatusType"/</p>
     <xs:attribute name="surveyFormat" type="surveyFormatType"/>
     <xs:attribute name="surveyStatus" type="surveyStatusType"/</pre>
```

LandXML

Faster issuance of Titles

Intelligently access data files

Automate plan checking process

Consistent checking by automation

Directly read in CAD for drafting

Reduce queries and clarifications



- •Object-based with footprint being separated from the complete 3D geometry
- •Can easily read and extract footprint and/or 3d geometry of lot

Cons

- •Common faces encoded twice (could result in inconsistency)
- Increase validation checks
- Larger file size

Pros

- More acceptable by GIS and CAD software (as <VolumeGeom> is not used)
- •Enable representation of topological structure
- •Reduce file size

Cons

 More procedural steps required to read and extract (as 3D geometry is formed thru referencing)

Pros and Cons

```
<Parcel class="LOT" name="25" parcelFormat="Volumetric"
                                                                    Parcel<sub>1</sub>
      state="created" parcelType="single">
 <CoordGeom desc="Footprint">
                                                                     CoordGeom
 </CoordGeom>
<VolumeGeom>
    <CoordGeom desc="Face3D">
                                                                     VolumeGeom
    </CoordGeom>
    <CoordGeom desc="Face3D">
                                                                        CoordGeom
    </CoordGeom>
                                                                        CoordGeom
 <<u>/VolumeGeom></u>
                                                                           etc.
 /Parcel>
```

Simple Faces Method

```
Parcel class="Footprint" name="25/1">
                                                       Parcel "25/1"
 <CoordGeom desc="Polygon2D">...</CoordGeom>
                                                          CoordGeom
 <Parcel class="BoundaryFace" name="25/2">
   <CoordGeom desc="Polygon3D">.../CoordGeom>
                                                        Parcel "25/2"
                                                          CoordGeom
 Parcel class="LOT" name="25"
                                                             etc.
        parcelFormat="Volumetric">
   <Parcels>
                                                        Parcel "25"
     <Parcel pclRef="25/1" />
     <Parcel pclRef="25/2" />
                                                            <pclRef>
   </Parcels>
                                                          Parcel "25/1"
 <pclRef>
                                                          Parcel "25/2"
Nested Parcels Method
/D - f - .. - .: - - \
```