



Towards Sustainable Land Governance: Extending the LADM to Support Global Initiatives Parameters - A Case Study in Indonesia

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THE UNIVERSITY OF
MELBOURNE



CSDILA
THE CENTRE FOR SPATIAL
DATA INFRASTRUCTURES
& LAND ADMINISTRATION
EST. 2001

Land Is Important

- The ultimate resource
- The primary factor of production
- Foundation of Economic
- Integrity of each country related to Land-Human relation

unece.org

economicsdiscussion.net

Esri.com



[3]

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Land Administration Systems (LASs) are the basis for recording the complex range of rights, restrictions, and responsibilities (RRRs) related to people, policies, and places

Land Administration Systems

- Land Use
- Land Tenure
- Land Valuation
- Land Development

Land Matters In SDGs

The 2030 Agenda: Sustainable Development Goals

1 Agenda 17 Goals 169 Targets 232 Indicators



Transforming our world, Leave no one behind

[5]

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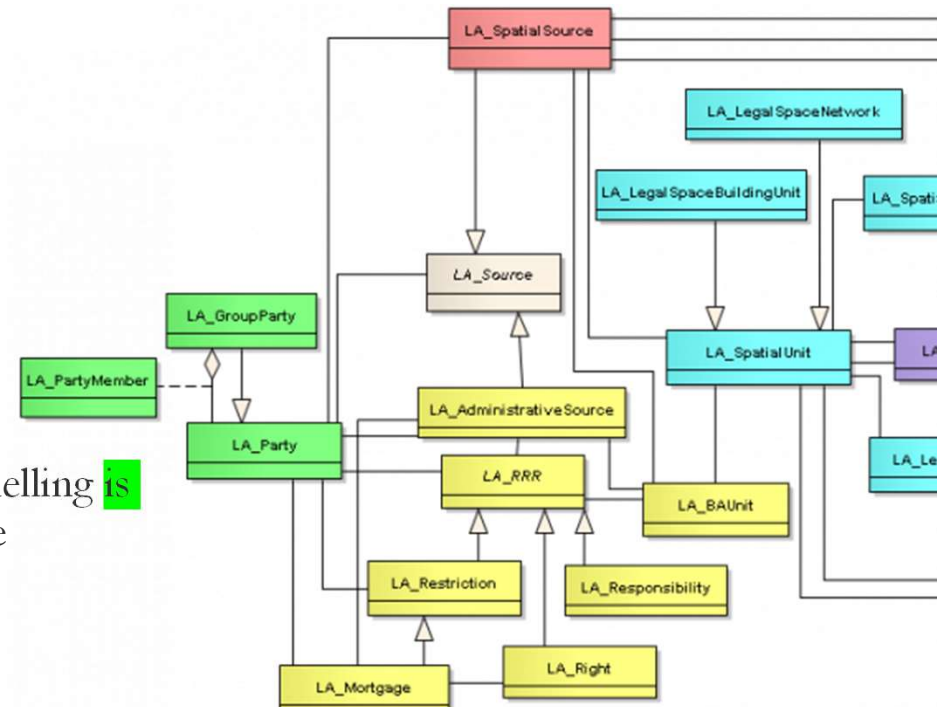
Conclusion

Investigating Global Initiatives



Empowering Modernization by Modifying Data Models

- To achieve a modern land administration, cadastral data modelling is a basic step toward efficient service delivery, because data are defined in the context of business processes
- Data models are essential for data validation and integration
- However, some modifications to existing data models could potentially improve their capacity to deliver sustainability



Kalantari, M., et al. A new vision on cadastral data models. in FIG Congress Proceedings, Munich, Germany. 2006.

Research Problem

The current design and development of Land Administration Systems require modification to align with land related global initiatives. Despite the recognized need for LAS advancements, existing research lacks comprehensive integration of global initiative parameters into LAS data models, especially within ISO standards like LADM.

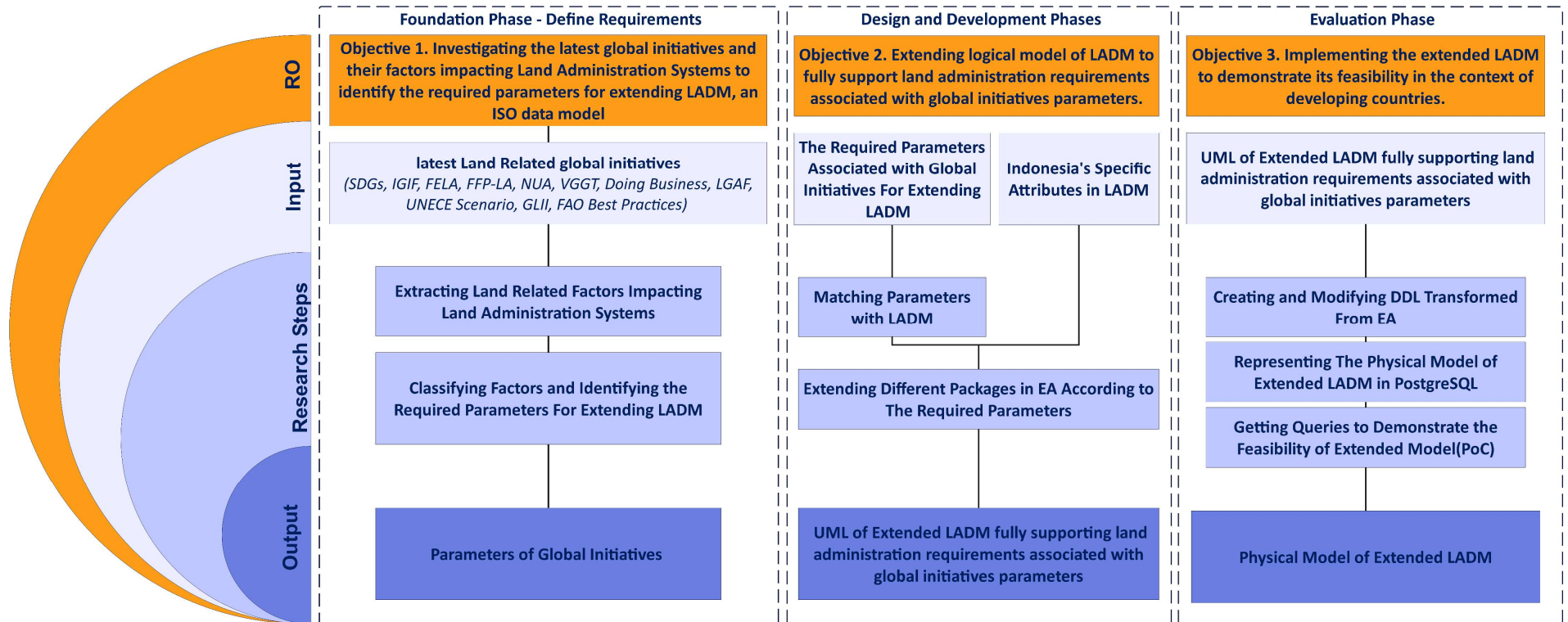
Research Aim

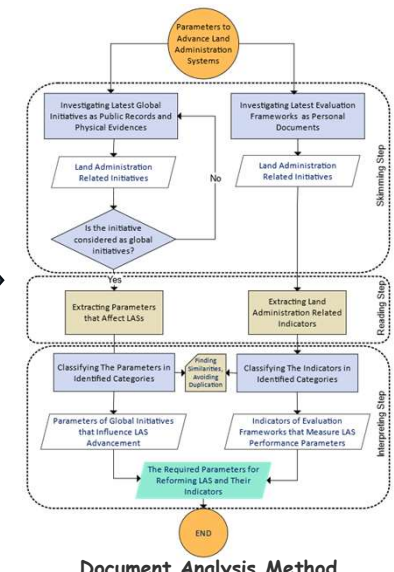
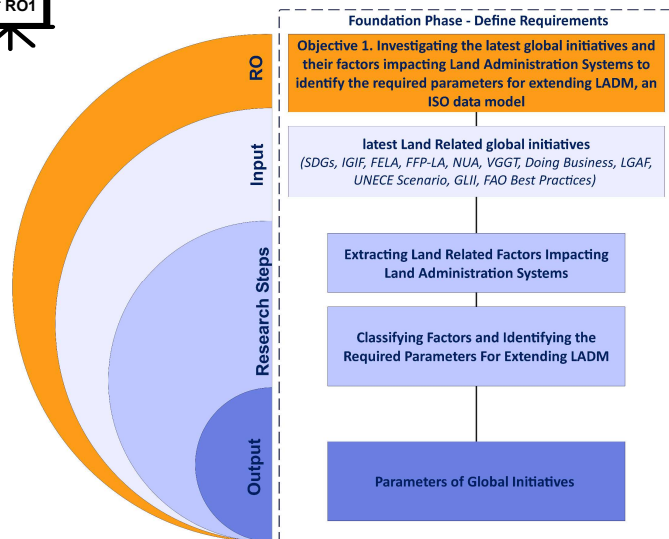
This research aims to bridge this gap by examining how global initiative parameters can be integrated into the LADM to align with contemporary trends. Unlike previous studies focusing on singular trends or parameters, this research takes a holistic approach, aiming to extend the LADM to collectively address multiple aspects and align with global initiatives.

Research Objectives

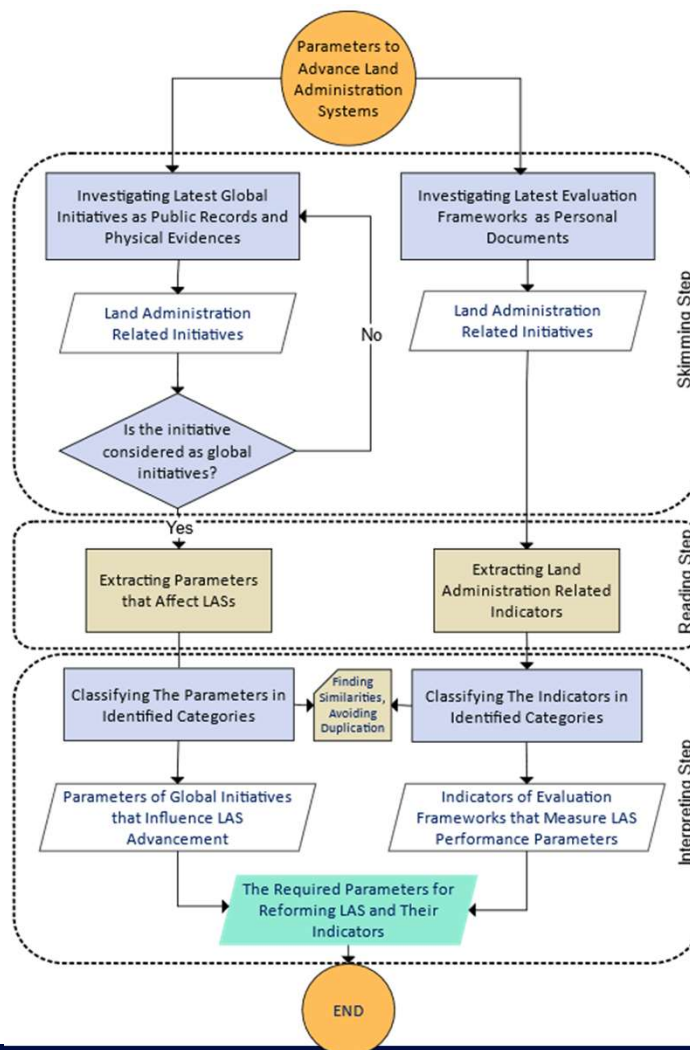
Research Objective 1	To investigate the global initiatives and factors impacting Land Administration Systems to identify the parameters for extending LADM, an ISO data model
Research Objective 2	To extend the logical model of LADM to support land administration requirements associated with global initiatives parameters
Research Objective 3	To implement and assess the feasibility of the extended LADM in addressing and incorporating global land administration parameters

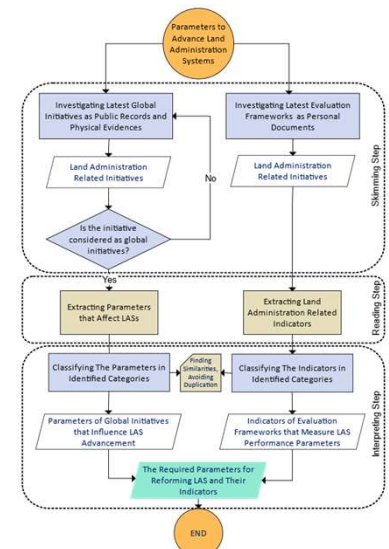
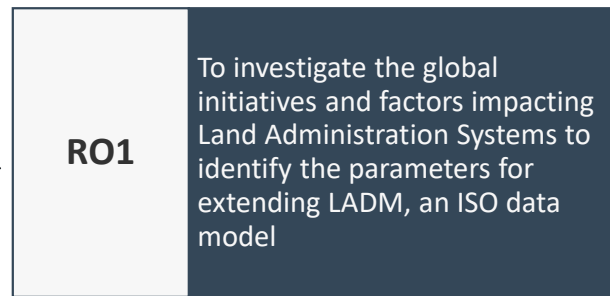
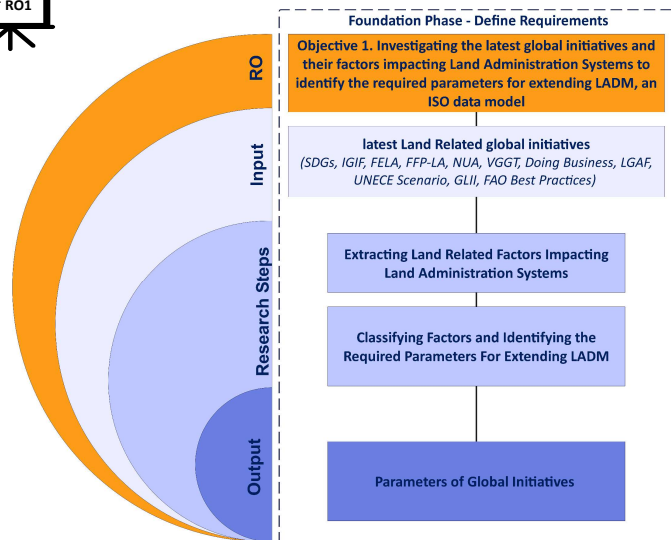
Design Science Research Methodology



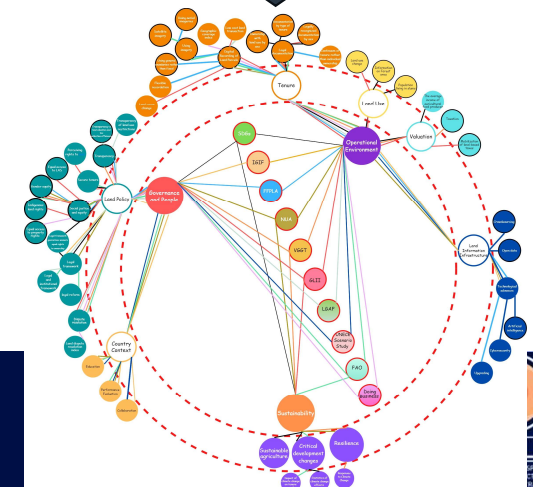


Document Analysis Method





Document Analysis Method



[13]

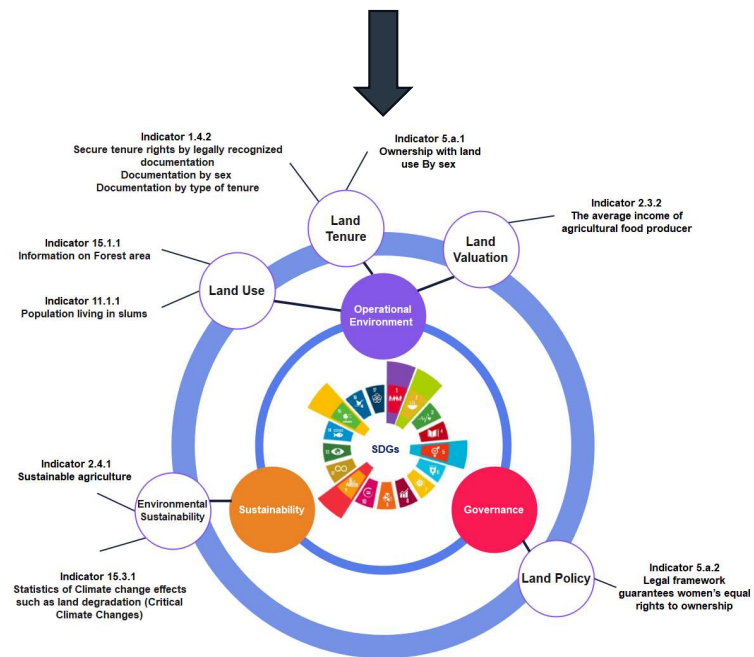
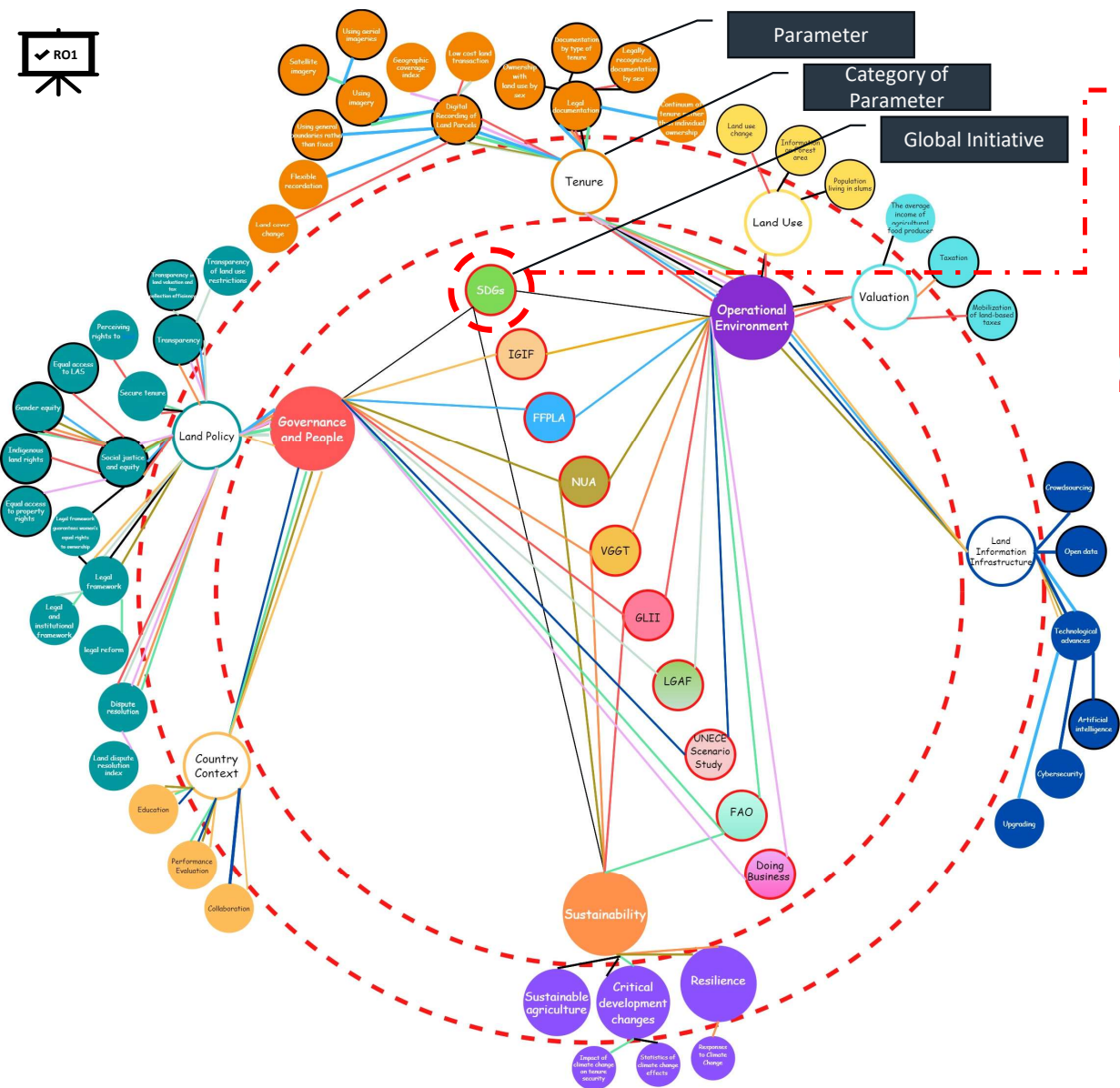
Introduction

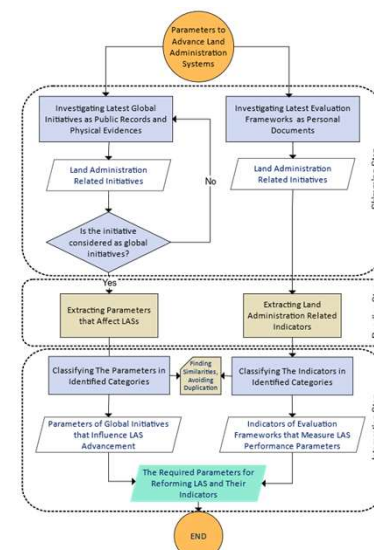
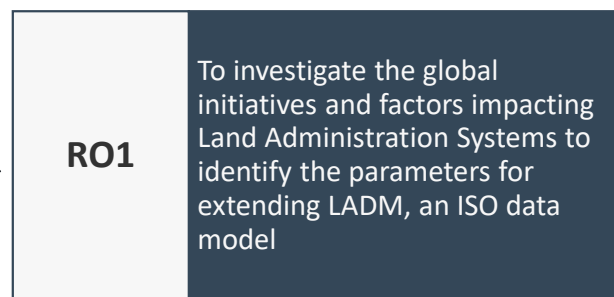
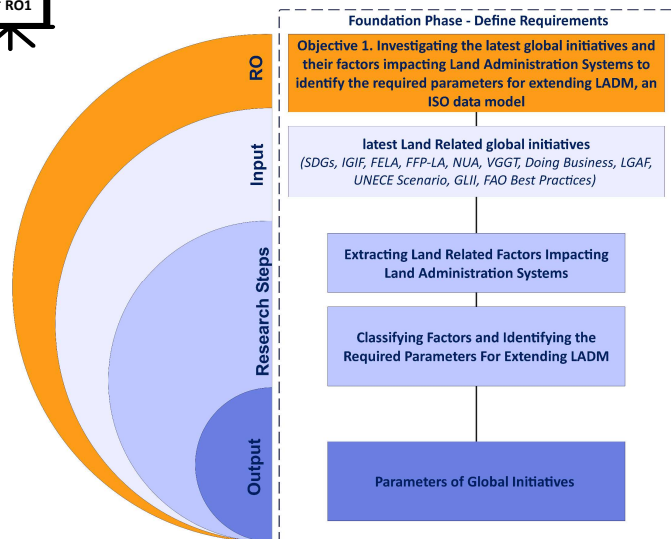
Research Problem
& Aim

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Objectives

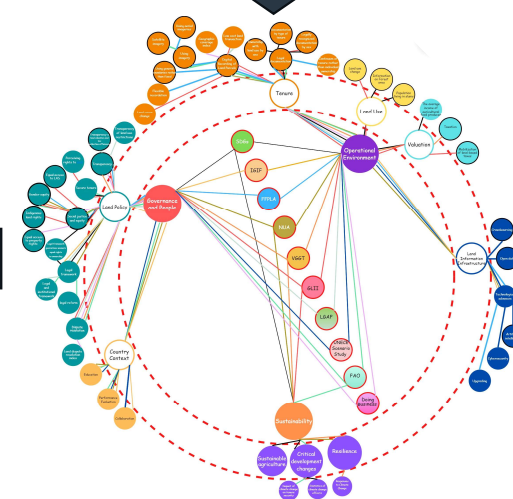
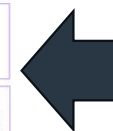
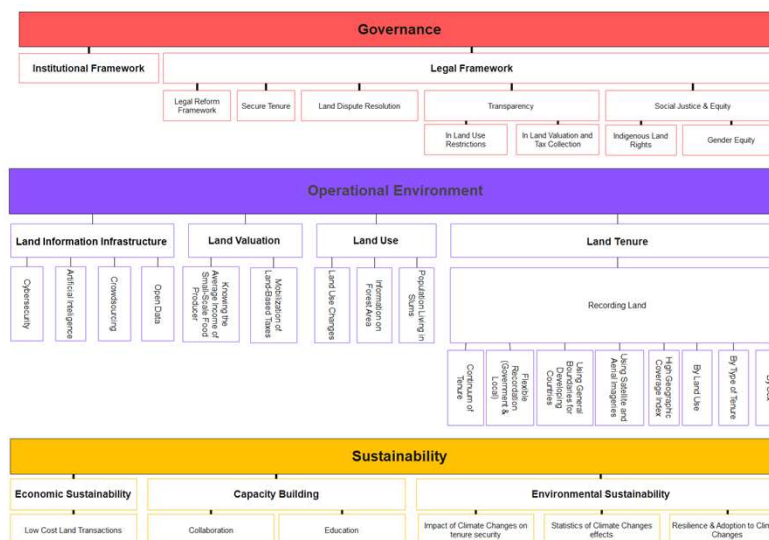
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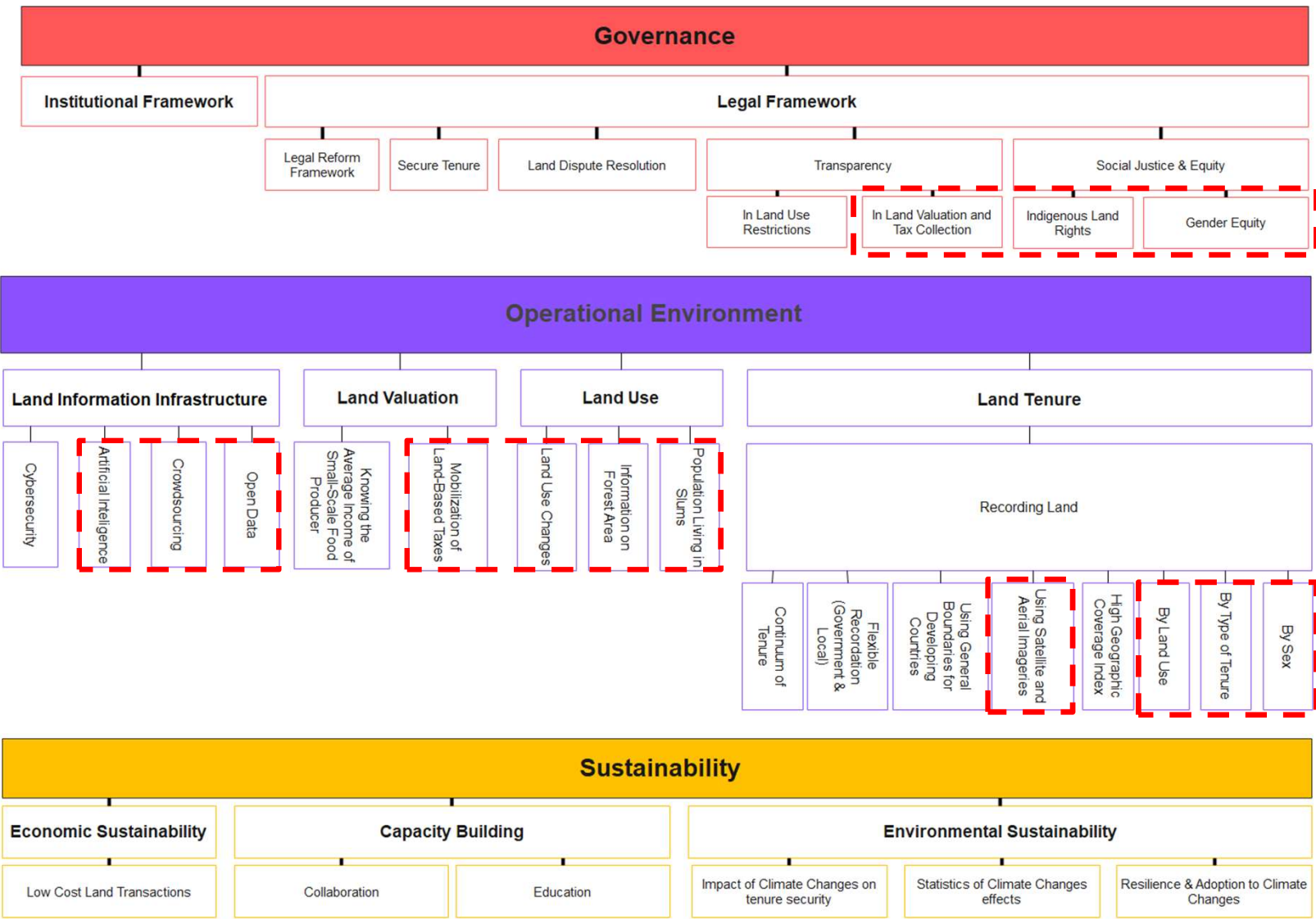


Document Analysis Method



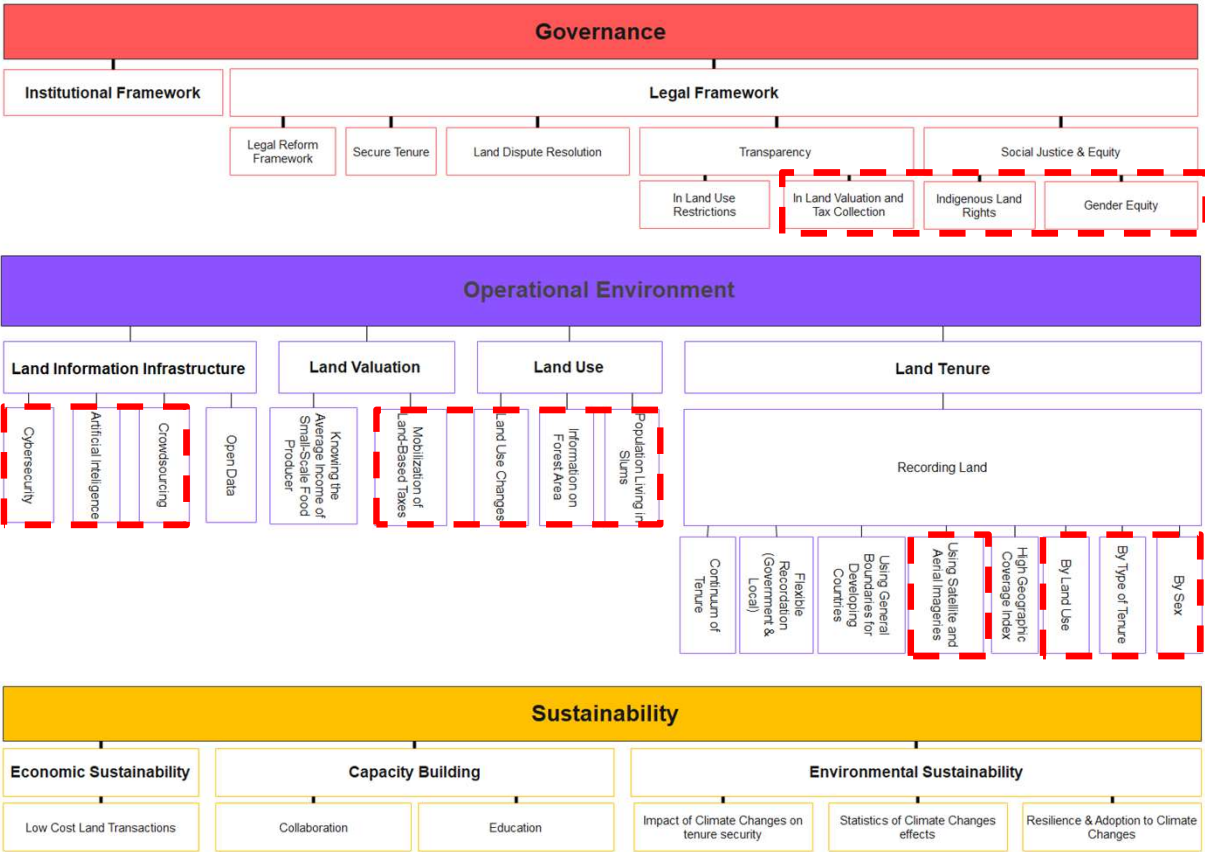


Parameters
of Global
Initiatives
With
Potential
Impact on
LAS

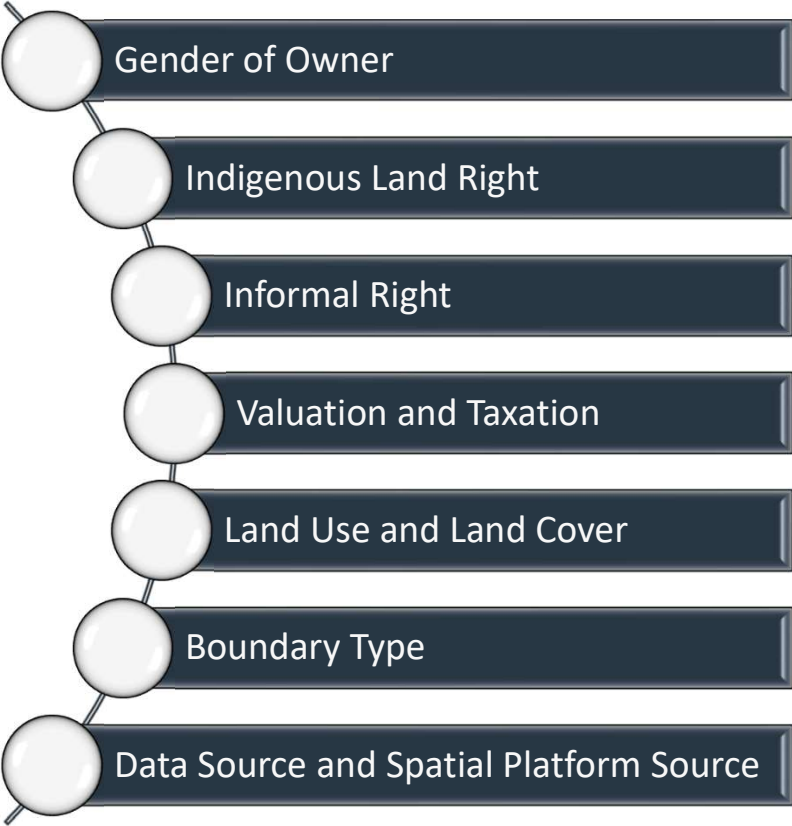


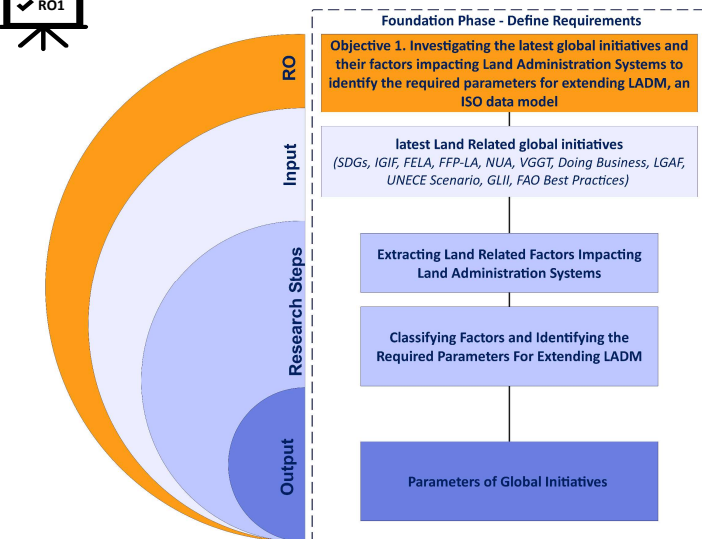


Parameters of Global Initiatives With Potential Impact on LAS



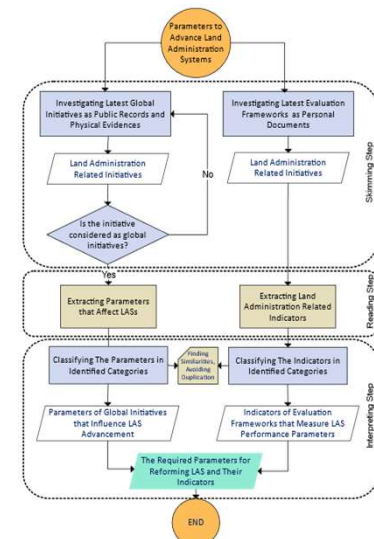
Applicable Parameters on the Data Model



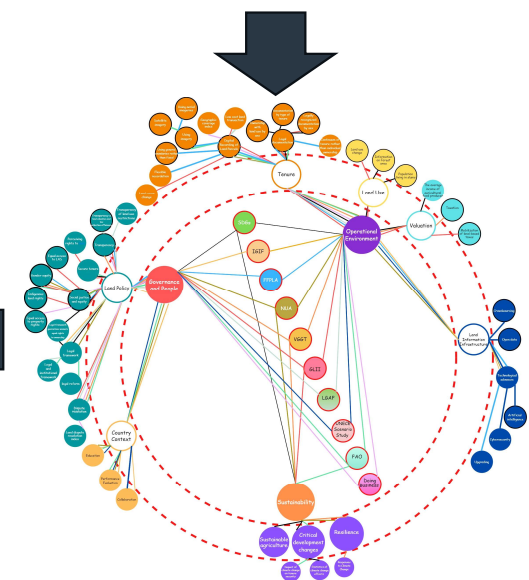


RO1

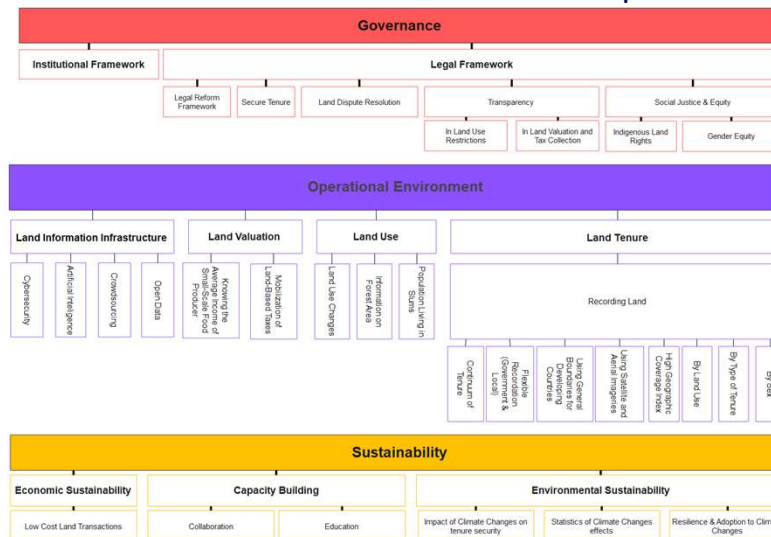
To investigate the global initiatives and factors impacting Land Administration Systems to identify the parameters for extending LADM, an ISO data model



Document Analysis Method

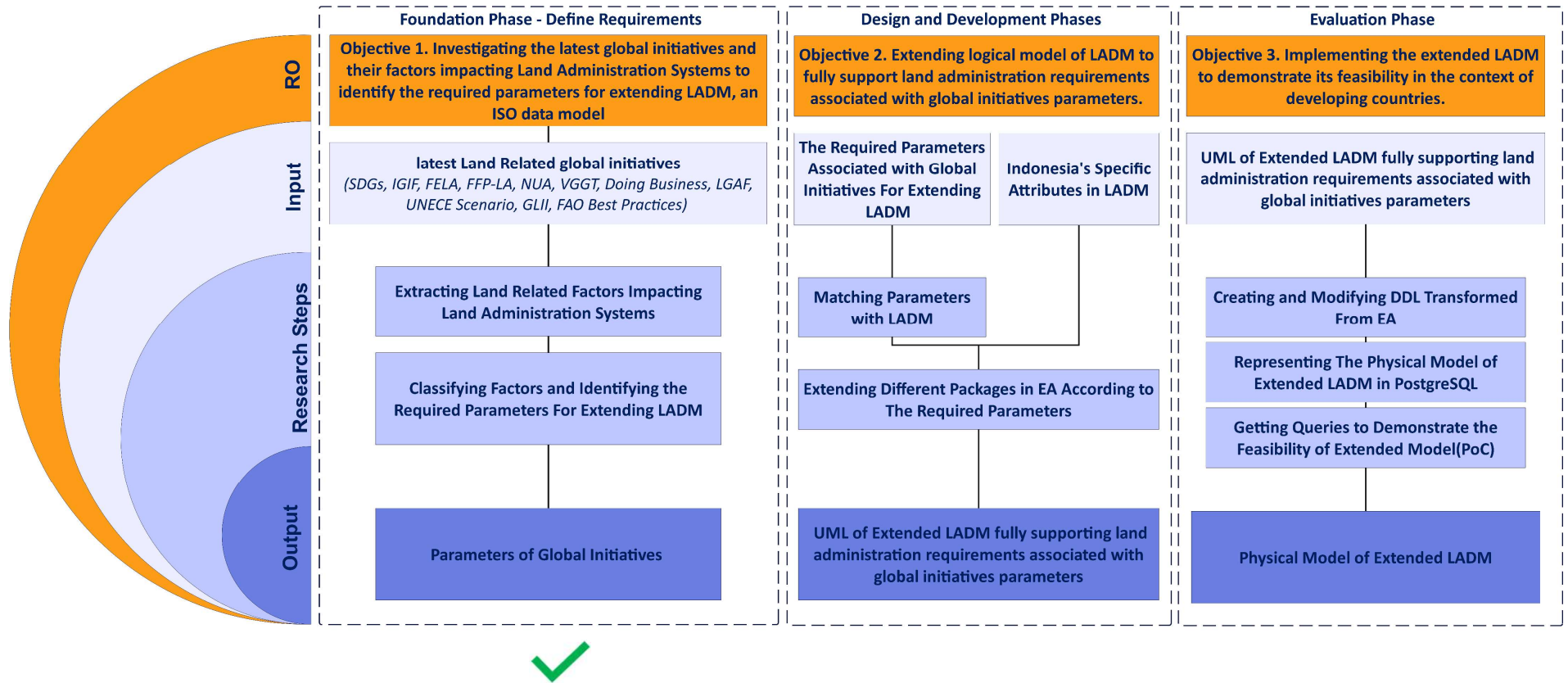


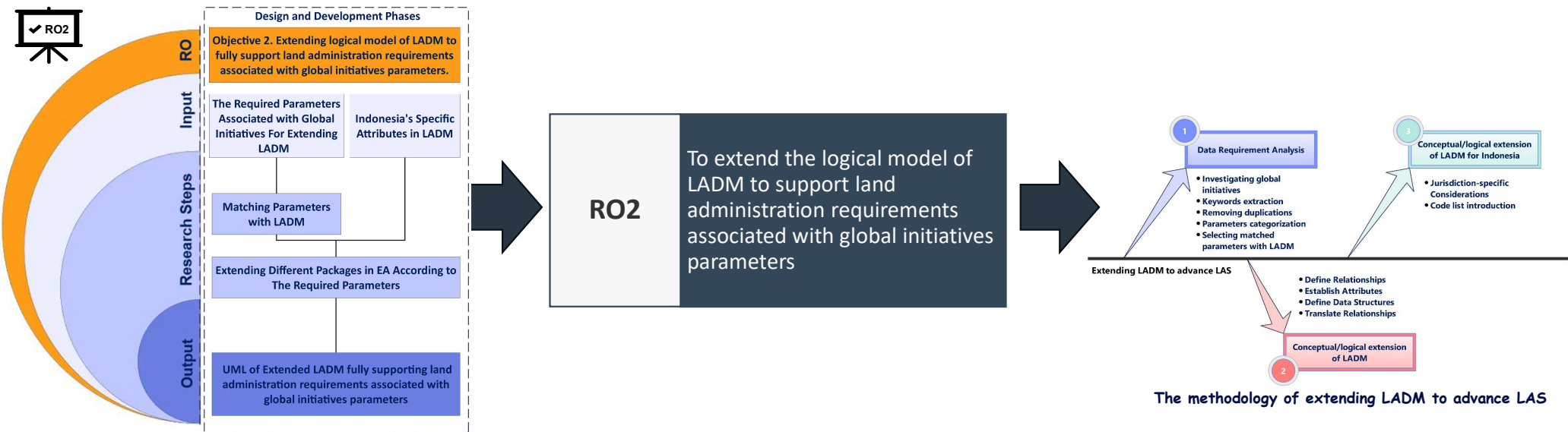
Parameters of Global Initiatives With Potential Impact on LAS



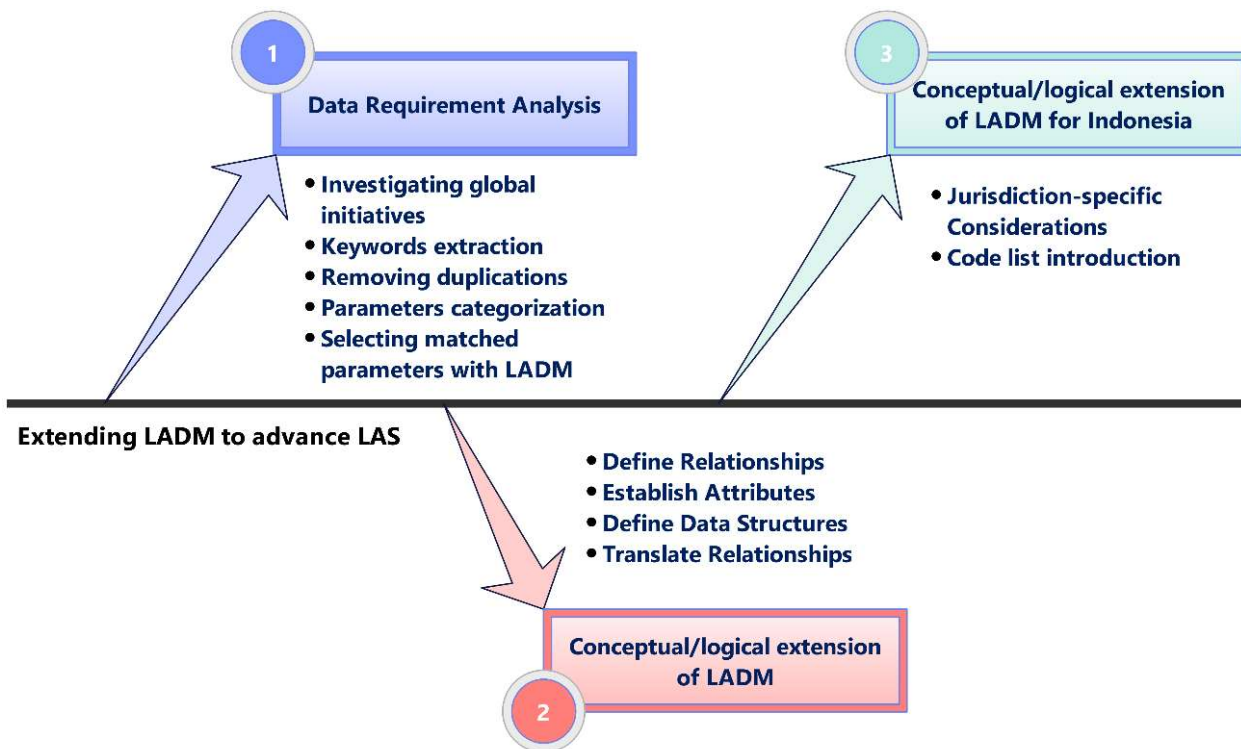
Design Science Research Methodology

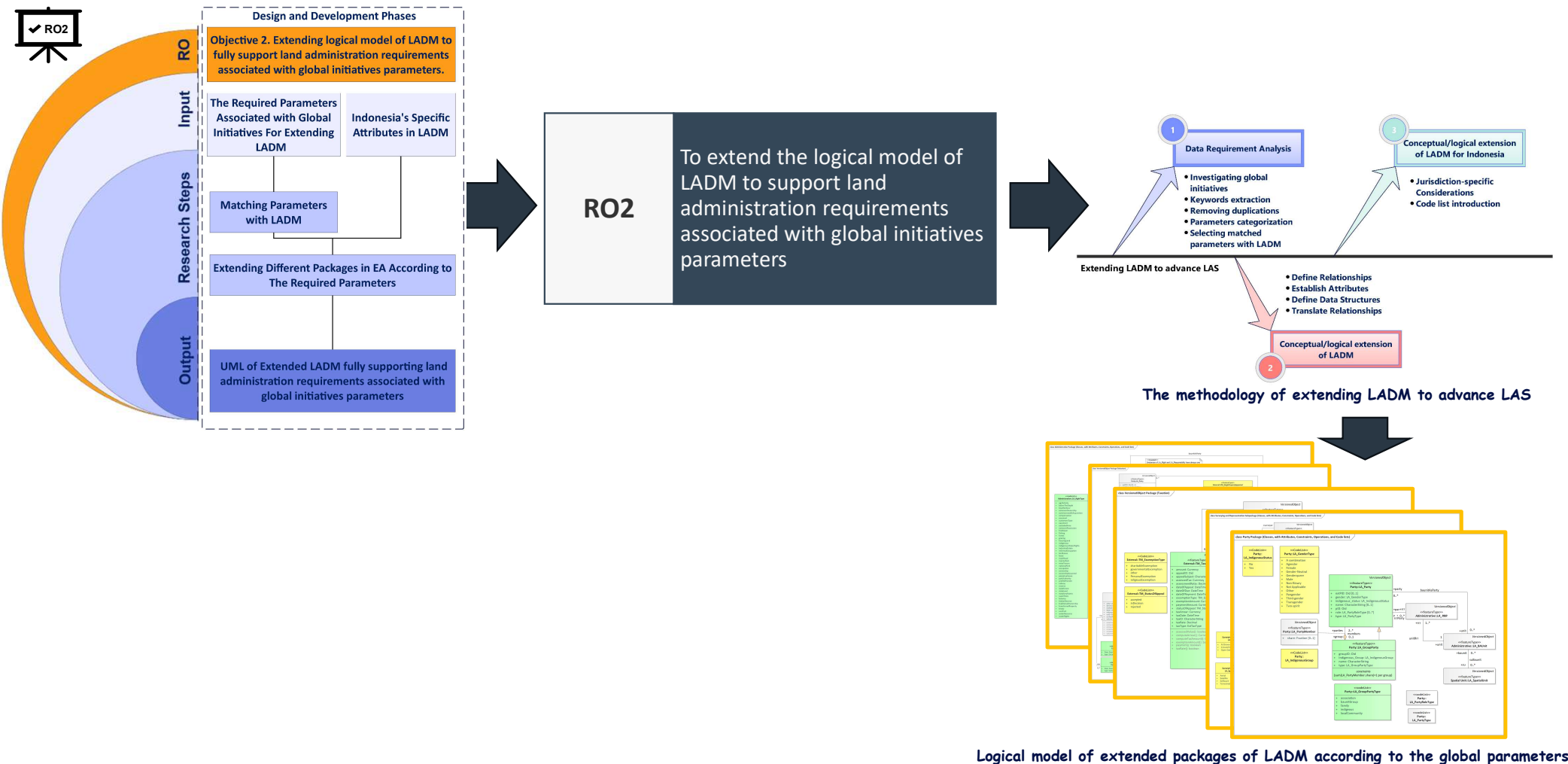
Details on Outputs

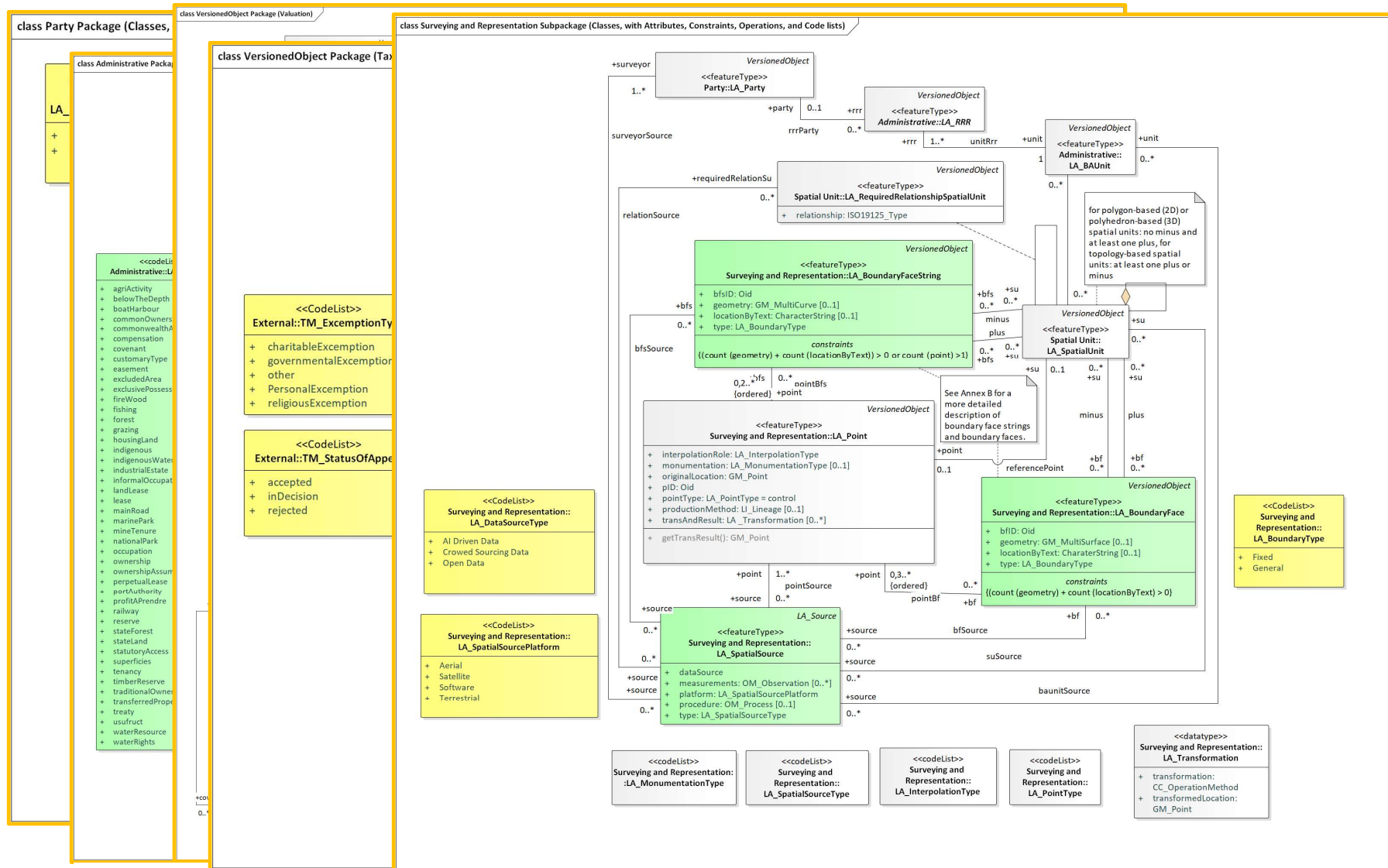




Methodology of extending LADM to advance LAS









class Party Package (Classes, with Attributes, Constraints, Operations, and Code lists)

class Spatial Unit Package (Classes, with Attributes, Constraints, Operations, and Code lists)

class Administrative Package (Classes, with Attributes, Constraints, Operations, and Code lists)

«Code»
Party::ID_Indi

- + Asing/Luar Neg
- + Bali
- + Banjar
- + Batak
- + Betawi
- + Bugis
- + Butonese
- + Cina
- + Cirebon
- + Dayak
- + Gorontalo
- + Jawa
- + Madura
- + Makassar
- + Melayu
- + Minahasa
- + Minangkabau
- + Nias
- + Other: Charact
- + Sasak
- + Suku asal Aceh
- + Suku asal Bant
- + Suku asal Jami
- + Suku asal Kalin
- + Suku asal Lam
- + Suku asal Malu
- + Suku asal Nusa
- + Suku asal Papu
- + Suku asal Sulat
- + Suku asal Sum
- + Suku asal Sum
- + Sunda

Topology re
ISO19125
defined in

«Code»
LA_Required

suGroupHierarchy

+set
0..1

Spatial U

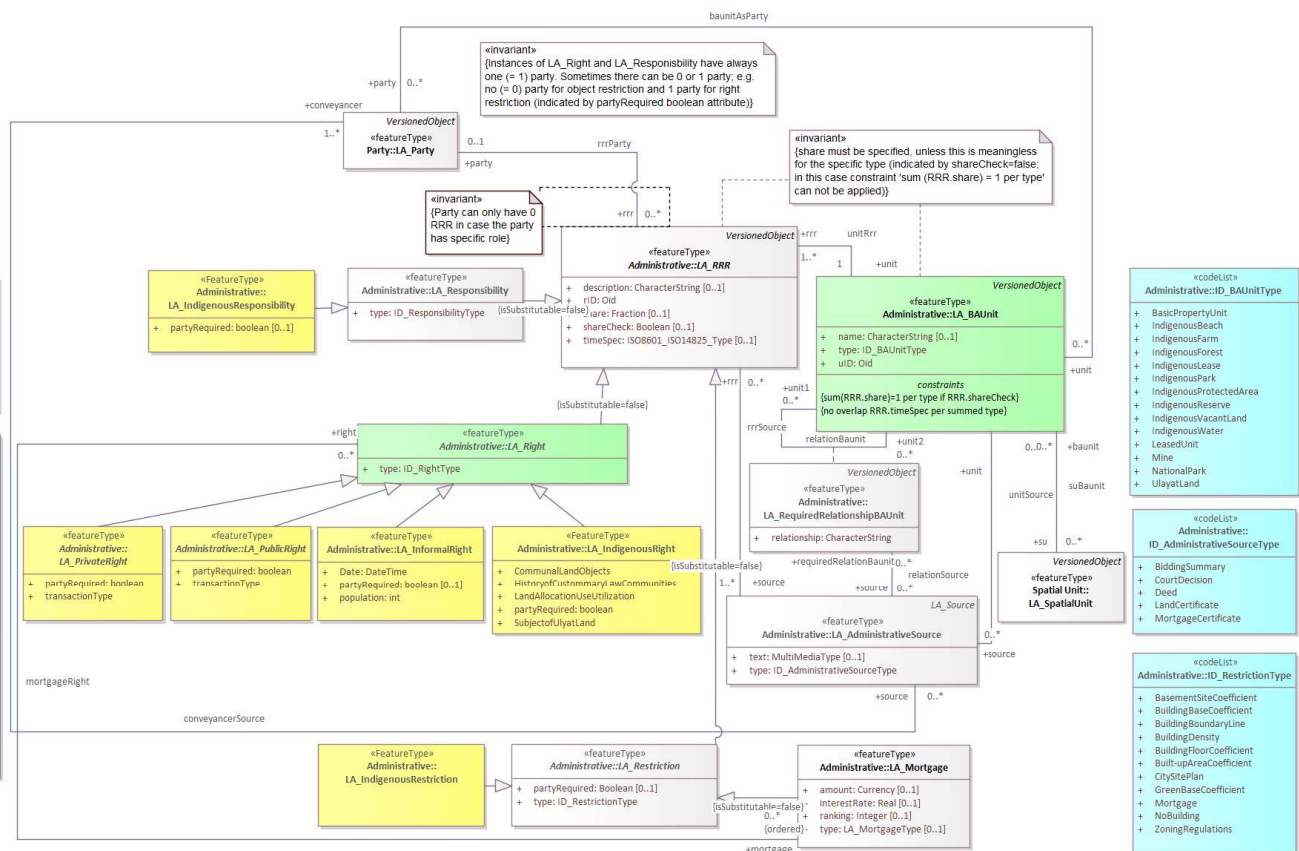
+ extPhysicalNetw
+ status: LA_Utility
+ type: LA_Utility

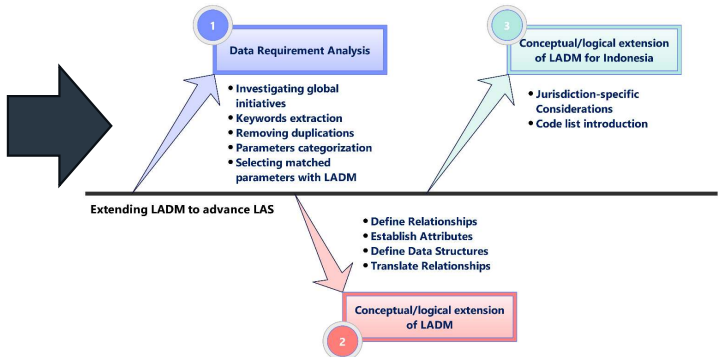
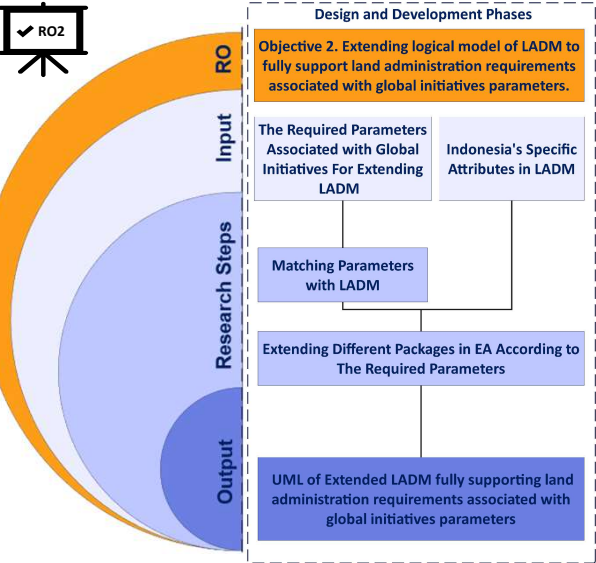
«codeList»
Administrative::ID_ResponsibilityType

- + ComplianceWithPermitting
- + EnvironmentalManagementInformation
- + MaintainAndImproveLandQuality
- + monumentMaintenance
- + ProtectEnvironmentAndEcosystem
- + UtilizedLandParcelWithinPrescribedZoningSchedule
- + waterwayMaintenance

«codeList»
Administrative::ID_RightType

- + BuildingRight
- + CustomaryLawCommunity
- + Dispute
- + EasementRight
- + ExploitationRight
- + ForestProductCollectionRight
- + IndigenousForestRight
- + Ownership
- + PawnRight
- + RightOfJudging
- + RightOfProfitSharing
- + RightToUse
- + RightOfUsingAirSpace
- + RightOfWaterForBreeding
- + RightOfWaterForFishing
- + RightOfWay
- + RightOnLandForReligiousAndSocialPurposes
- + RightToLease
- + RightToClarify
- + RightToObject
- + RightToPropose
- + Stratatitle
- + Waqf





The methodology of extending LADM to advance LAS

Geo-spatial Information Science
(Under Review)

Extending Land Administration Domain Model to Support Global Initiatives: A Case Study of Indonesia

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²Vice president, International Federation of Surveyors (IFS), Switzerland

³Chief consultant, the Ministry of Land Affairs and Spatial Planning (KEMPRAT), Indonesia

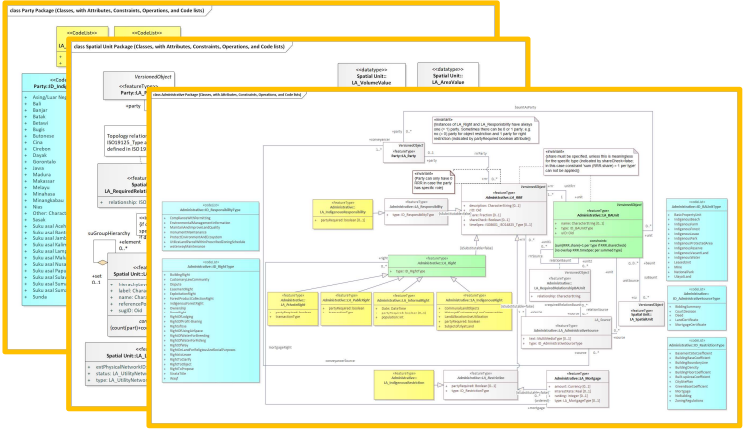
⁴Chief consultant, the Ministry of Land Affairs and Spatial Planning (KEMPRAT), Indonesia

⁵Chief consultant, the Ministry of Land Affairs and Spatial Planning (KEMPRAT), Indonesia

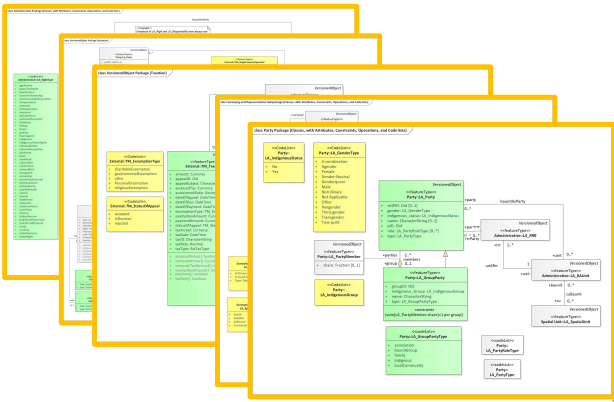
Abstract

In the pursuit of economic stability and the fulfillment of Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), Effective Land Administration Systems (ELAS) play a pivotal role in accurately recording rights, restrictions, and responsibilities (RRRs). Global institutions, including the United Nations, the World Bank, and the International Federation of Surveyors, advocate for continual improvement in LAS. In particular, these institutions developed initiatives, including SDGs, New Urban Agenda, and Framework for Effective Land Administration, to specify important parameters necessitating ongoing enhancement, validation, and integration of LAS. This paper addresses an important knowledge gap in LAS by proposing a comprehensive framework, tailored specifically to Indonesia's context, to extend the functionality of the Land Administration Domain Model (LADM) as an ISO data model, based on key parameters chosen from global initiatives in prior work. Employing a systematic methodology, the study conducts a continuous literature review, adaptation, conceptual model design, and logical model implementation. The proposed LADM extension specifically comprises new data elements related to gender sensitivity, indigenous land rights, informal rights, valuation, and location. These data elements, extracted from ten prominent global initiatives, collectively contribute to a more inclusive and effective LAS that aligns with global initiatives. Specific attributes, annotations, and classes are introduced, enhancing LADM's adaptability and relevance to evolving global trends. The paper concludes by emphasizing the practical implications of the proposed LADM extension, emphasizing its contribution to sustainable land management practices.

Keywords: Land Administration System, Global Initiatives, LADM, Indigenous Rights, Valuation and Location



Extended LADM for Indonesia

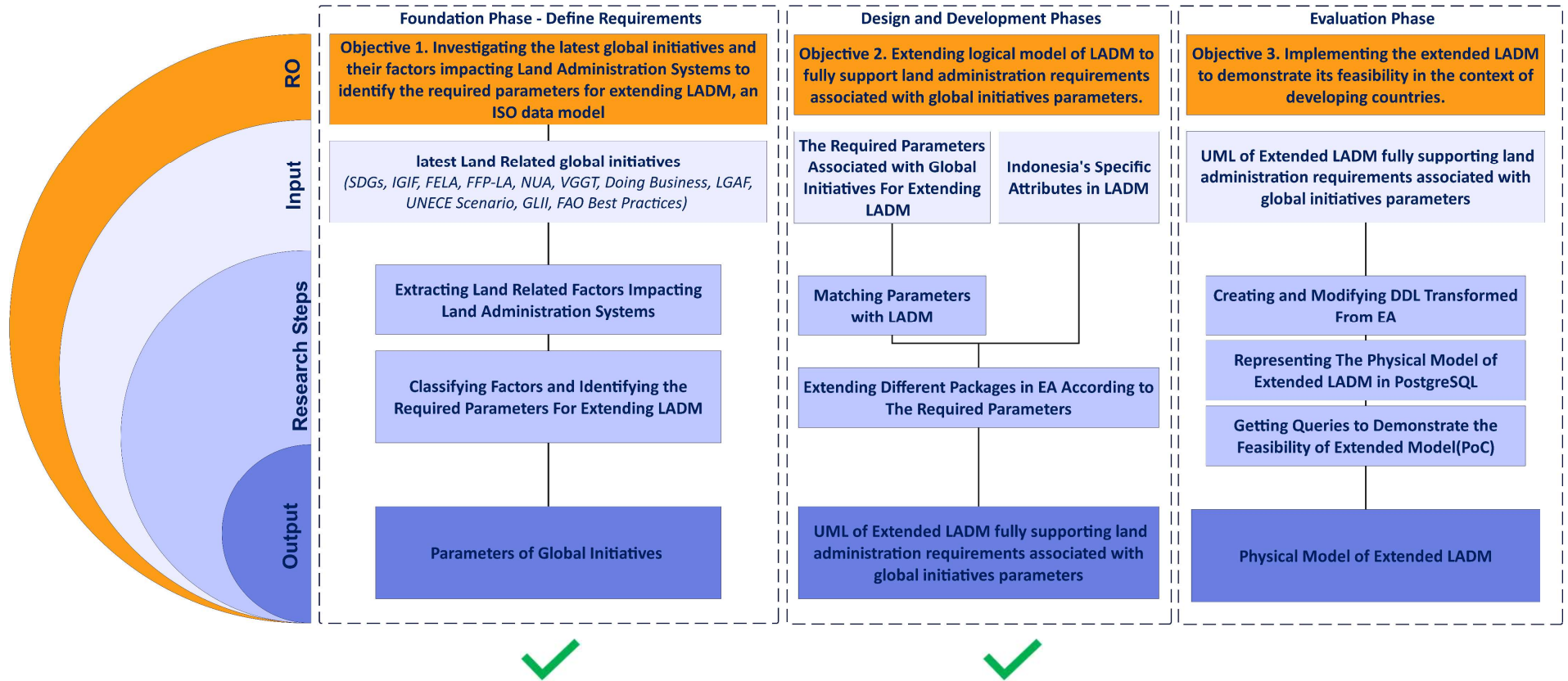


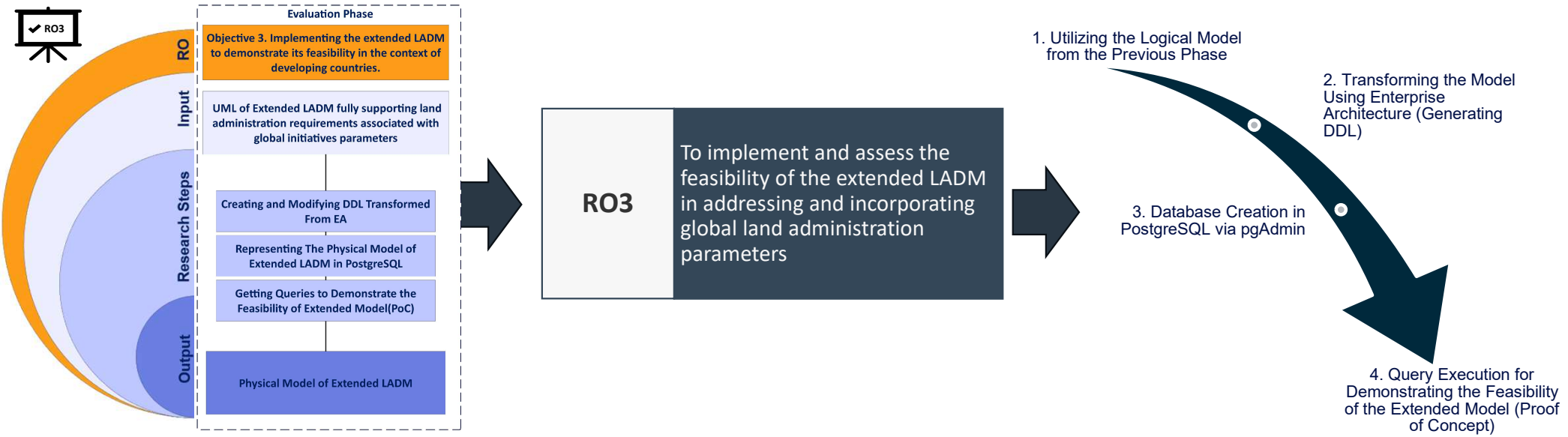
Logical model of extended packages of LADM according to the global parameters



Design Science Research Methodology

Details on Outputs







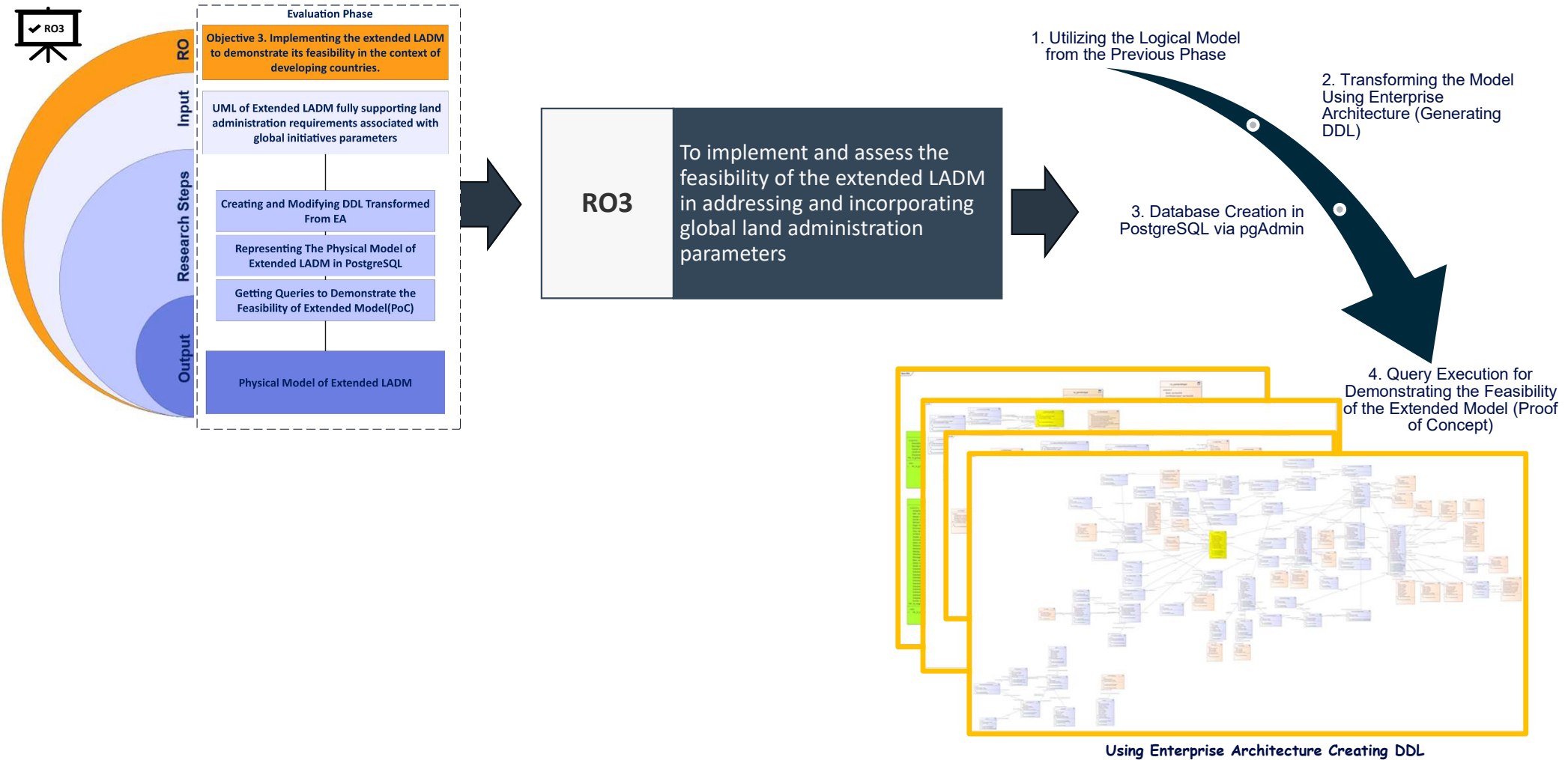
Methodology of Implementing Physical Model

1. Utilizing the Logical Model
from the Previous Phase

2. Transforming the Model
Using Enterprise
Architecture (Generating
DDL)

3. Database Creation in
PostgreSQL via pgAdmin

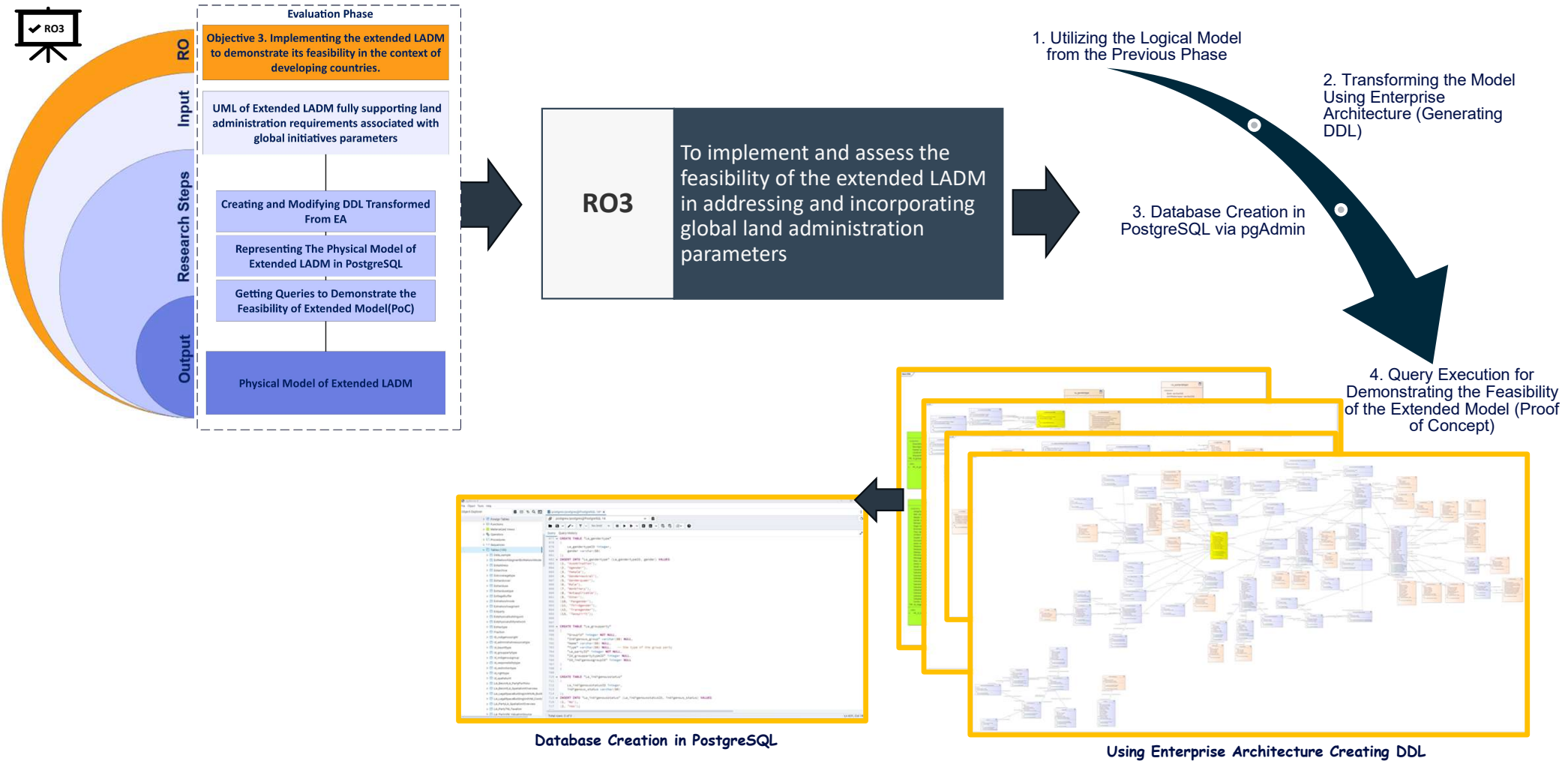
4. Query Execution for
Demonstrating the Feasibility
of the Extended Model (Proof
of Concept)



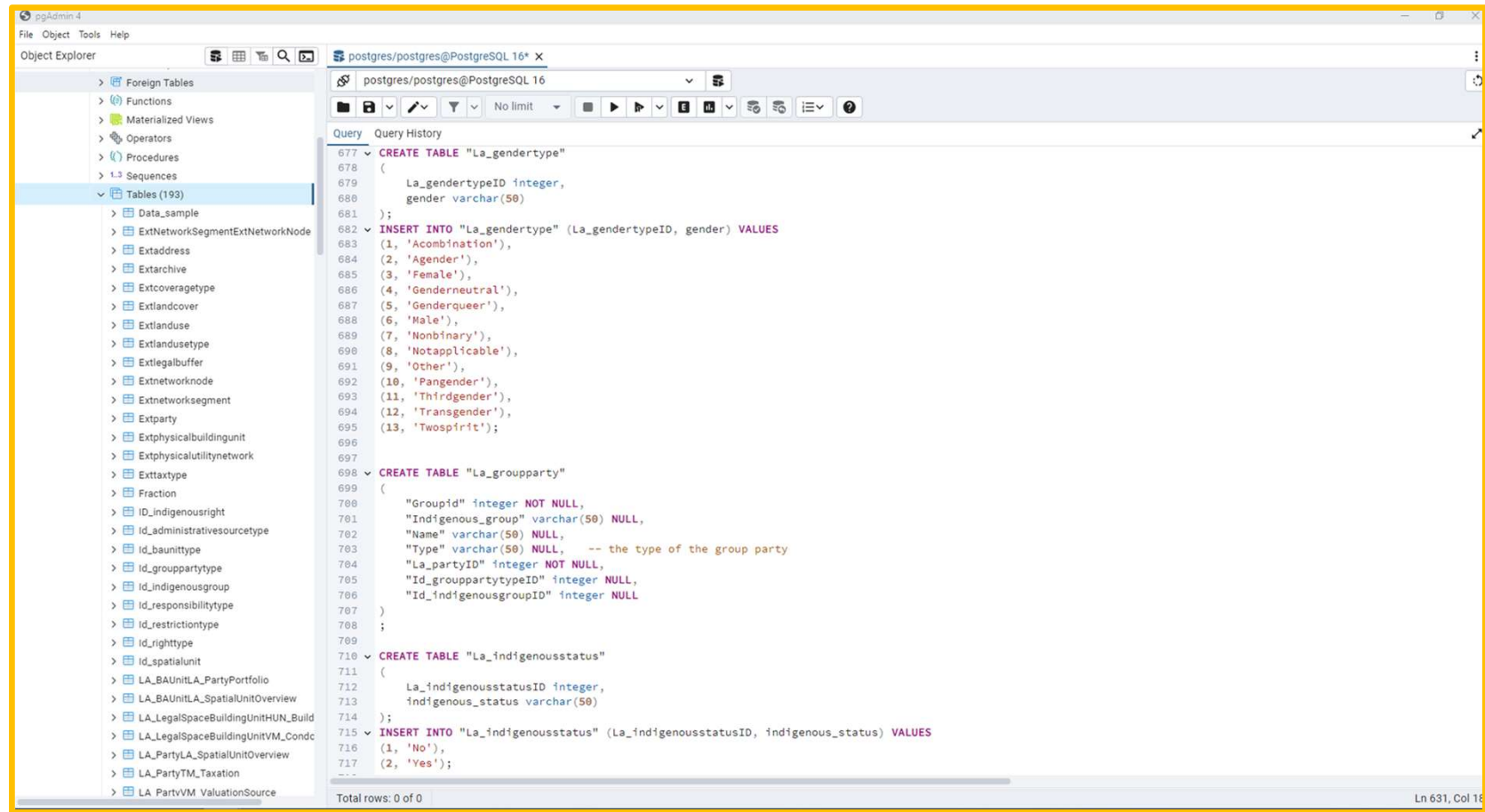
DDL of Spatial Unit Package

DDL of External Package

DDL of Administration Package



Database Creation in PostgreSQL



The screenshot displays the pgAdmin 4 interface with the following content:

- Object Explorer:** Shows a tree view of database objects. The 'Tables (193)' folder is expanded, listing various tables such as 'Data_sample', 'ExtNetworkSegmentExtNetworkNode', 'Extaddress', 'Extarchive', 'Extcoveragetype', 'Extlandcover', 'Extlanduse', 'Extlandusetype', 'Extlegalbuffer', 'Extnetworknode', 'Extnetworksegment', 'Extparty', 'Extphysicalbuildingunit', 'Extphysicalutilitynetwork', 'Exttaxtype', 'Fraction', 'ID_indigenousright', 'Id_administrativesourcetype', 'Id_baunittype', 'Id_grouppartytype', 'Id_indigenousgroup', 'Id_responsibilitytype', 'Id_restrictiontype', 'Id_righttype', 'Id_spatialunit', 'LA_BAUnitLA_PartyPortfolio', 'LA_BAUnitLA_SpatialUnitOverview', 'LA_LegalSpaceBuildingUnitHUN_Build', 'LA_LegalSpaceBuildingUnitVM_Conde', 'LA_PartyLA_SpatialUnitOverview', 'LA_PartyTM_Taxation', and 'LA_PartyVM_ValuationSource'.
- Query Editor:** Contains three SQL queries:
 - Query 1 (Line 677):**

```
CREATE TABLE "La_gendertype"
(
  La_gendertypeID integer,
  gender varchar(50)
);
```

Query 2 (Line 682):

```
INSERT INTO "La_gendertype" (La_gendertypeID, gender) VALUES
(1, 'Acombination'),
(2, 'Agender'),
(3, 'Female'),
(4, 'Genderneutral'),
(5, 'Genderqueer'),
(6, 'Male'),
(7, 'Nonbinary'),
(8, 'Notapplicable'),
(9, 'Other'),
(10, 'Pangender'),
(11, 'Thirddgender'),
(12, 'Transgender'),
(13, 'Twospirit');
```
 - Query 3 (Line 697):**

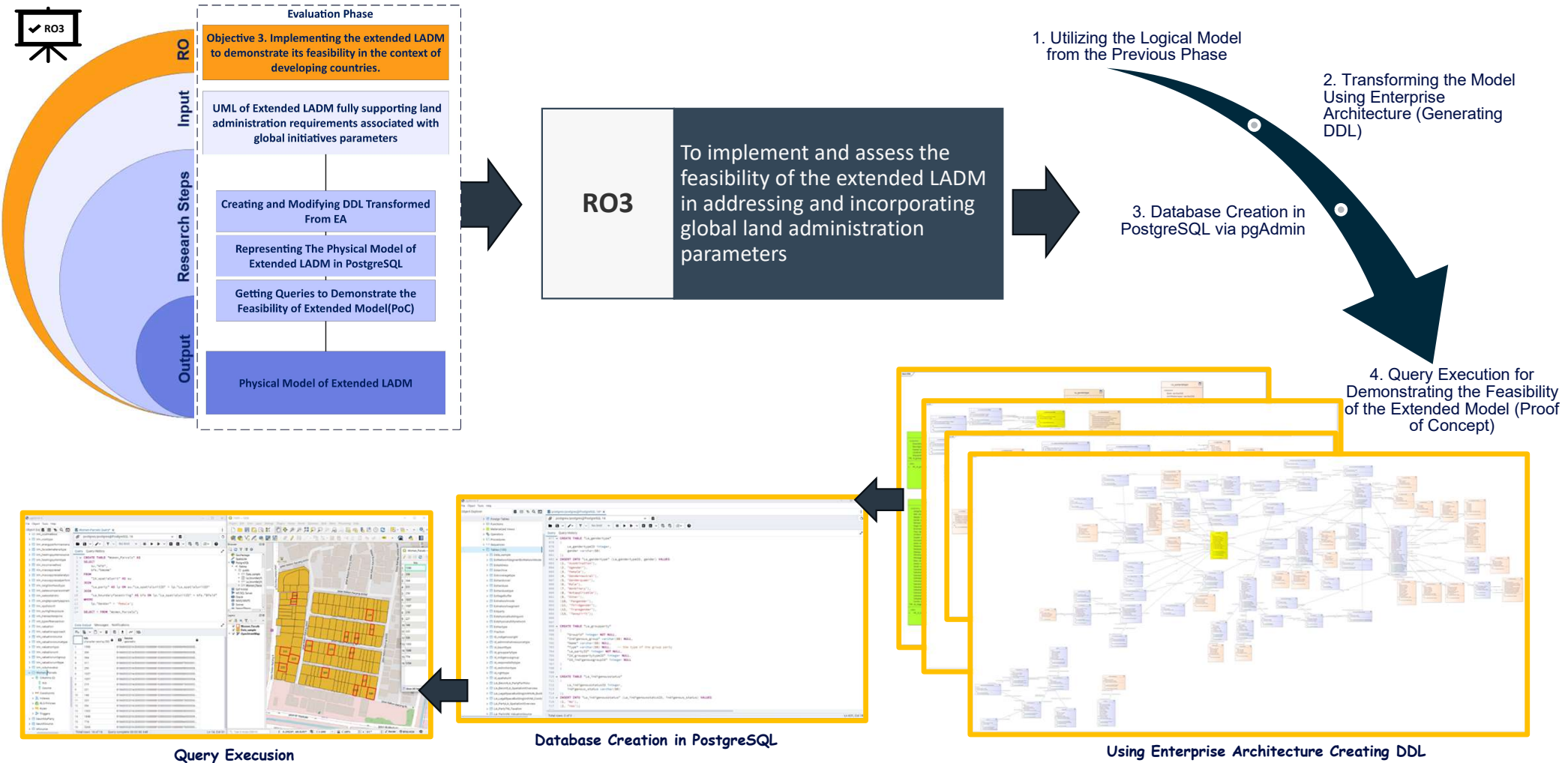
```
CREATE TABLE "La_groupparty"
(
  "Groupid" integer NOT NULL,
  "Indigenous_group" varchar(50) NULL,
  "Name" varchar(50) NULL,
  "Type" varchar(50) NULL, -- the type of the group party
  "La_partyID" integer NOT NULL,
  "Id_grouppartytypeID" integer NULL,
  "Id_indigenousgroupID" integer NULL
);
```

Query 4 (Line 710):

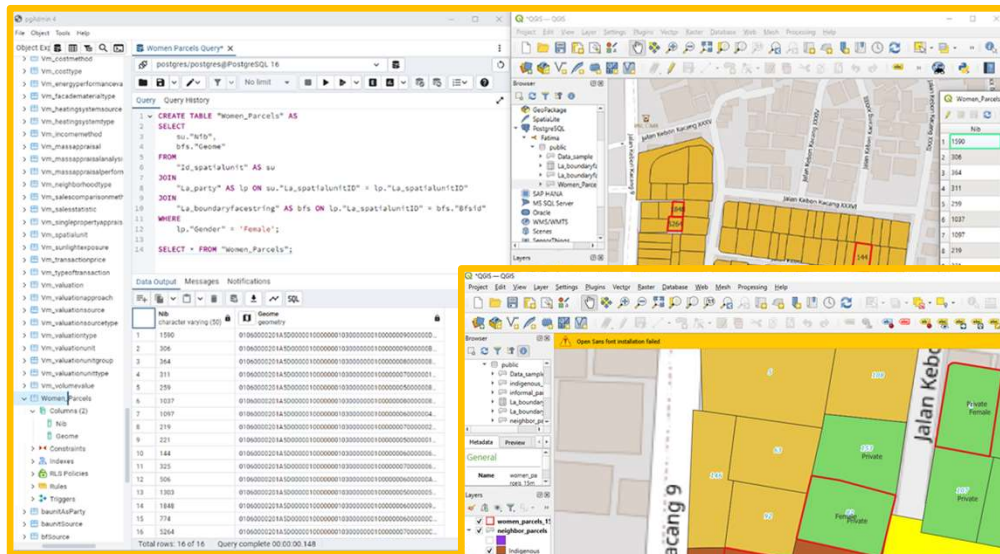
```
CREATE TABLE "La_indigenousstatus"
(
  La_indigenousstatusID integer,
  indigenous_status varchar(50)
);
```

Query 5 (Line 715):

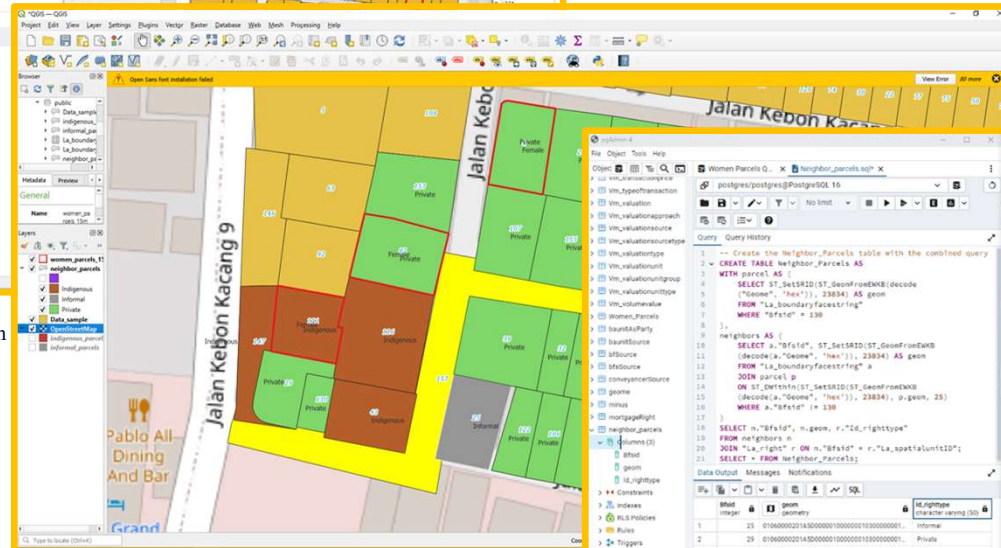
```
INSERT INTO "La_indigenousstatus" (La_indigenousstatusID, indigenous_status) VALUES
(1, 'No'),
(2, 'Yes');
```



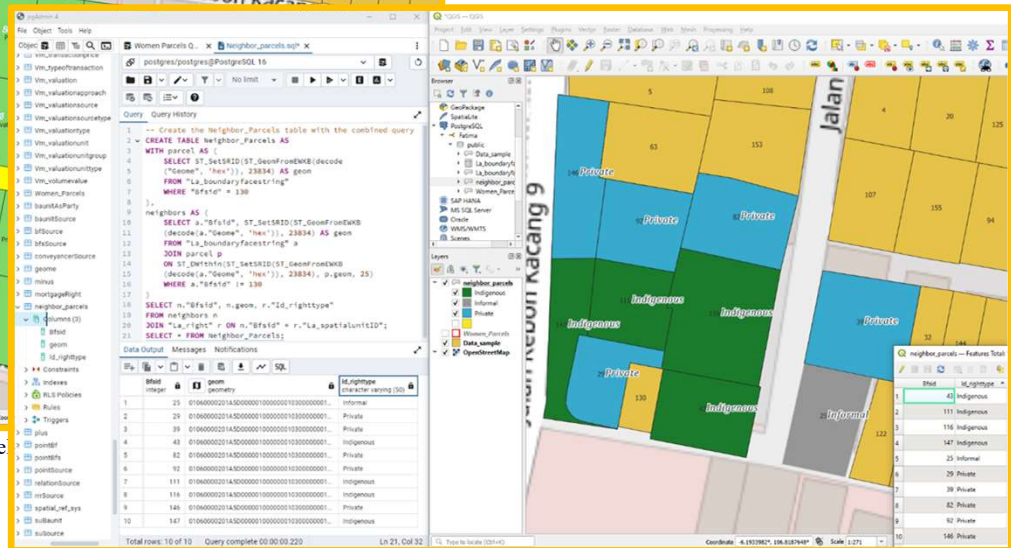
Query Execution



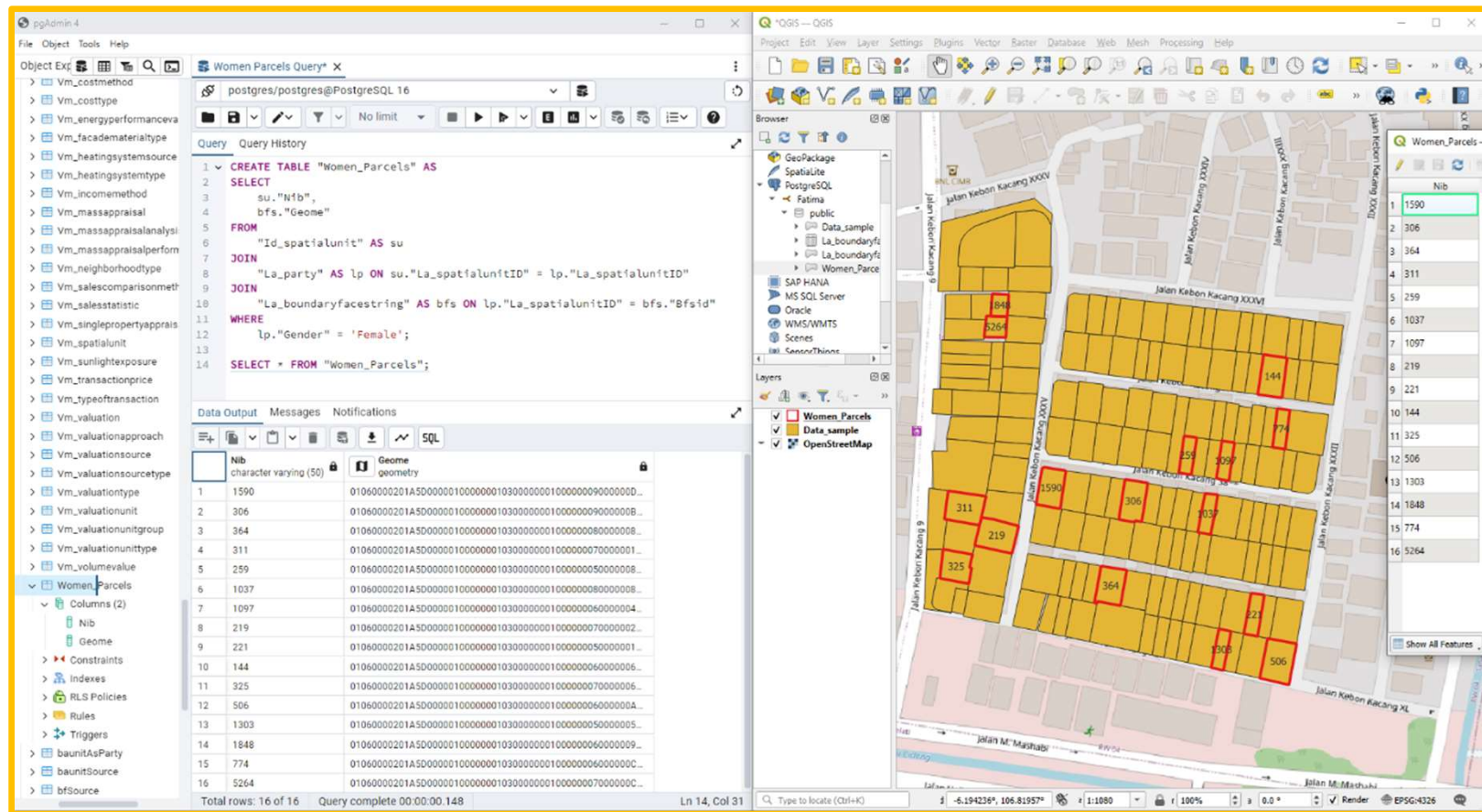
Women-owned parcels query execution



Query Execution and Spatial Distribution of Parcel

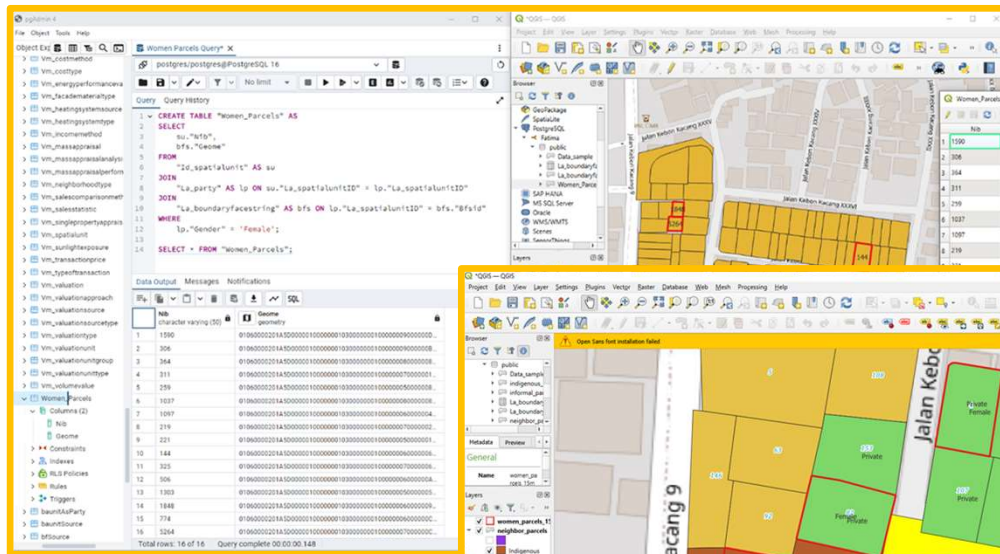


Neighbouring parcels query execution in pgAdmin with the distribution and ownership rights displayed in QGIS.

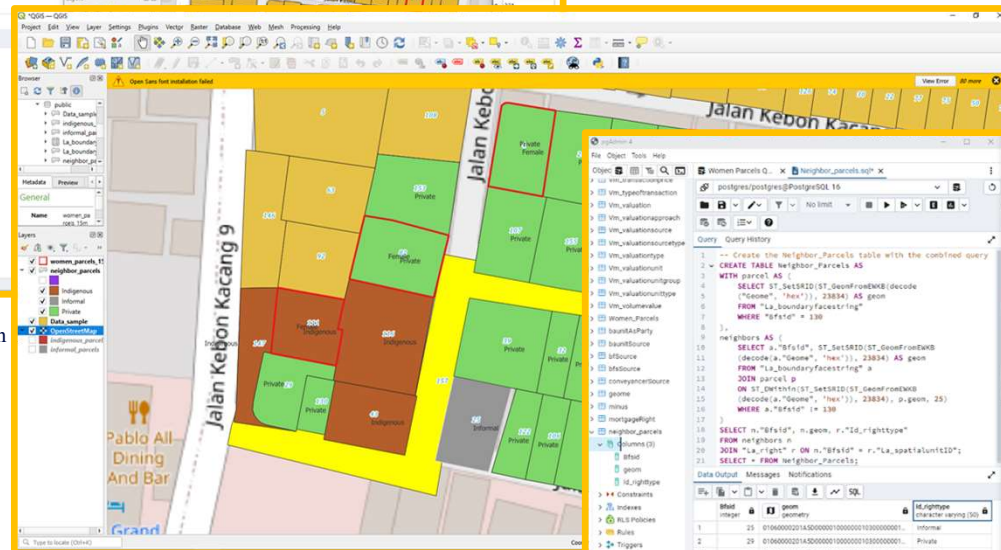


Women-owned parcels query execution in pgAdmin with the distribution displayed in QGIS

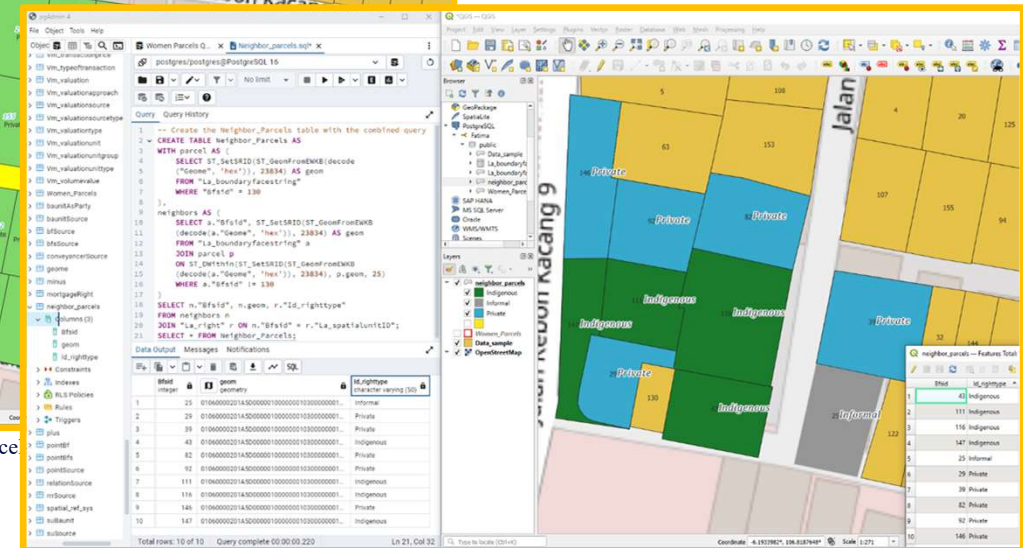
Query Execution



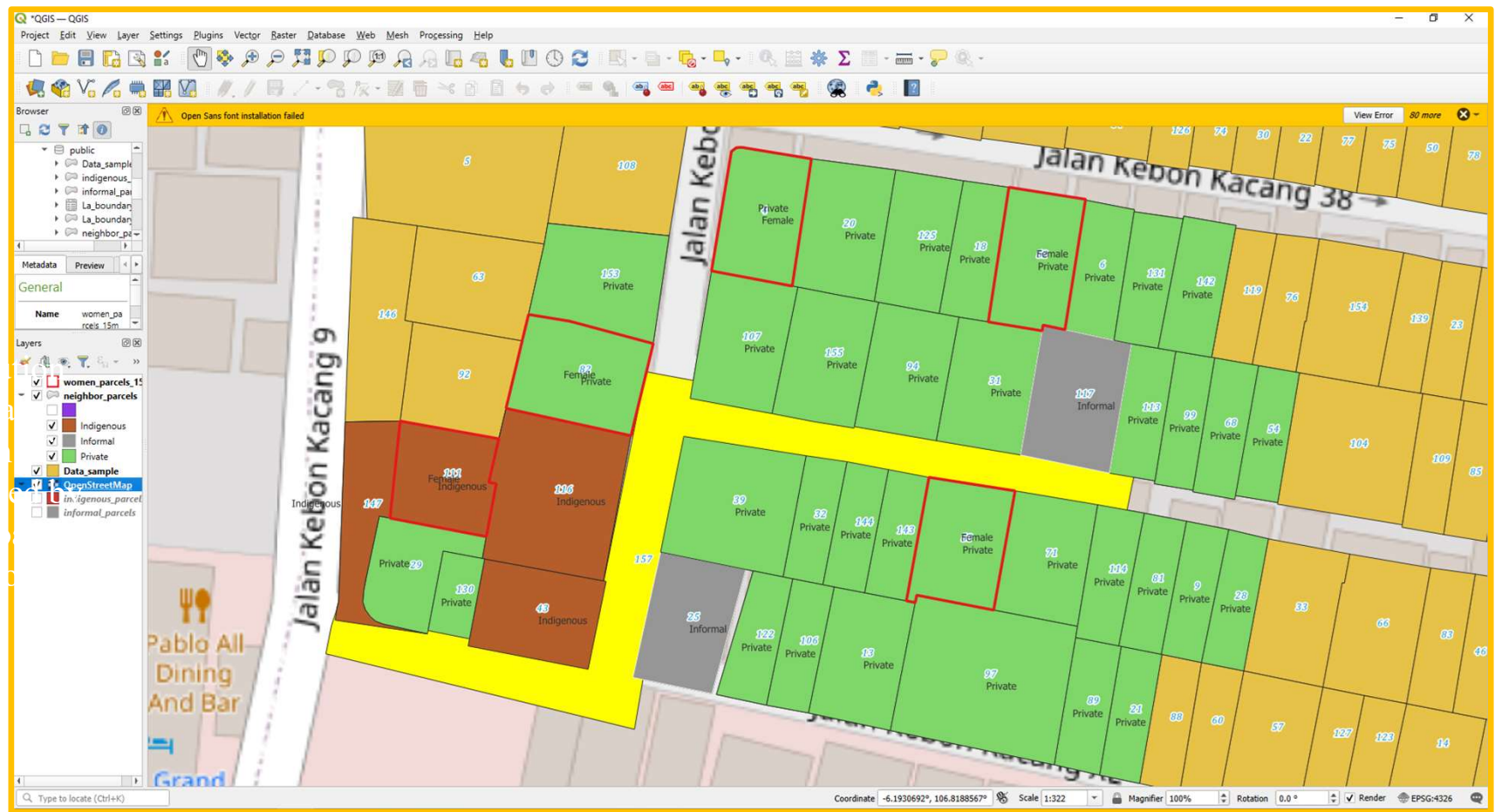
Women-owned parcels query execution



Query Execution and Spatial Distribution of Parce



Neighbouring parcels query execution in pgAdmin with the distribution and ownership rights displayed in QGIS.



Query Execution and Spatial Distribution of Parcels Affected by Planned Road Construction

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Introduction

Research Problem
& Aim

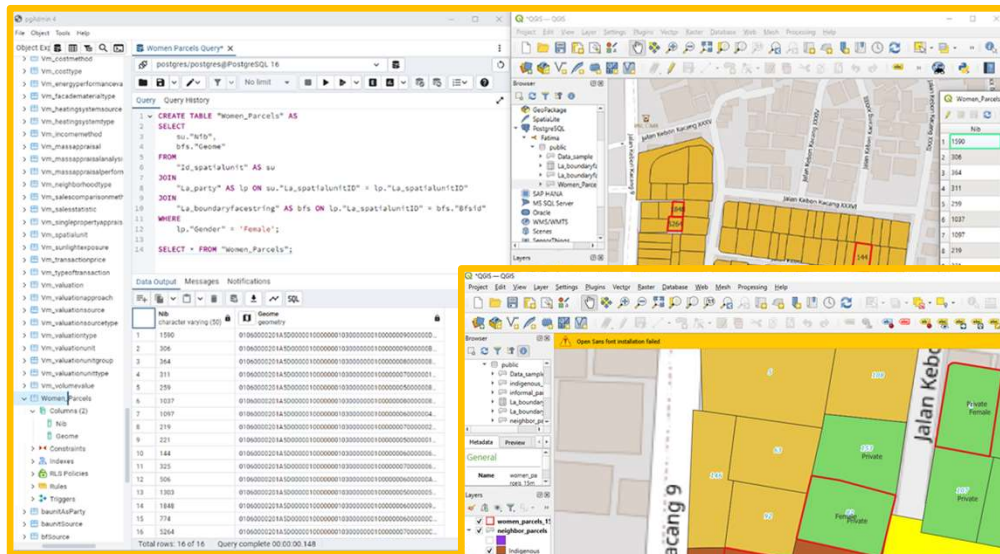
Research
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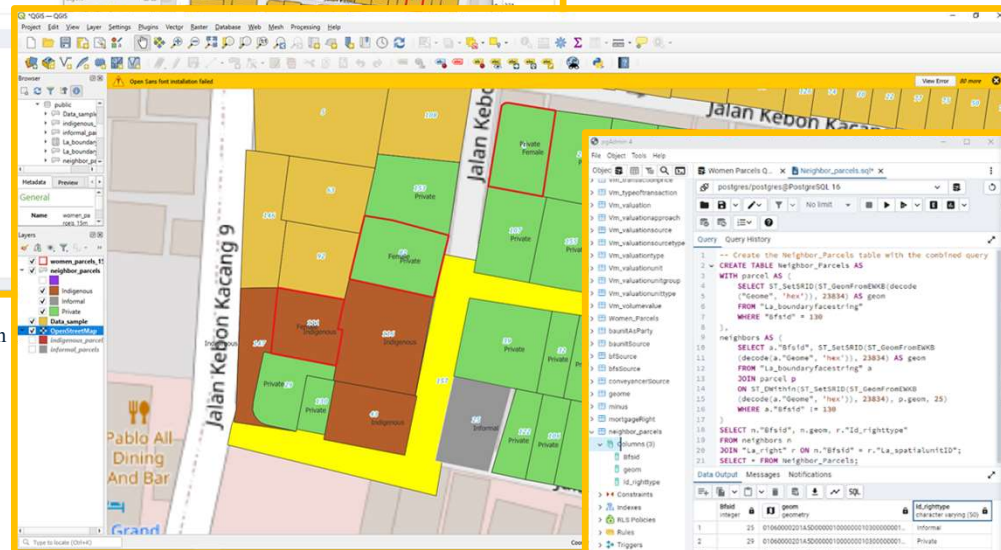
Results

Conclusion

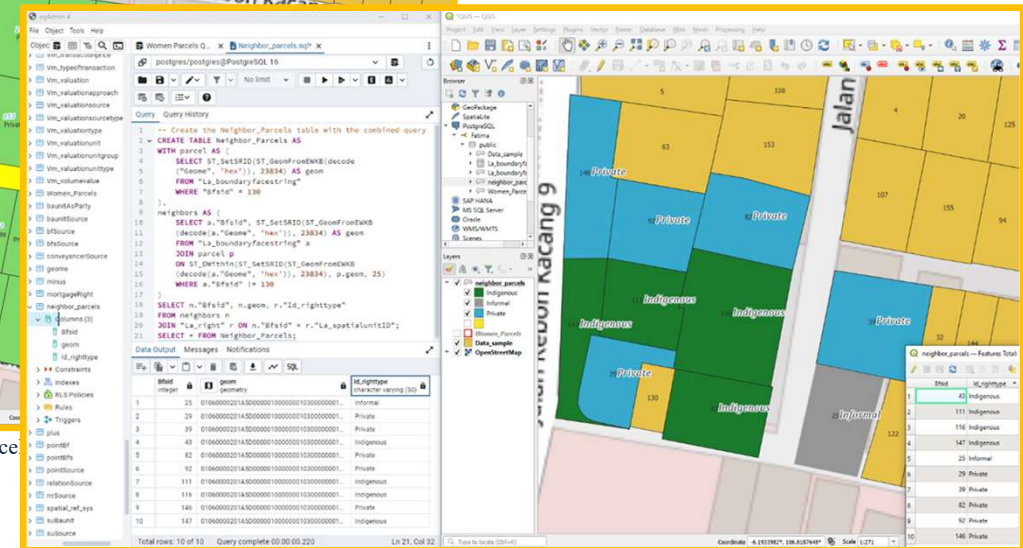
Query Execution



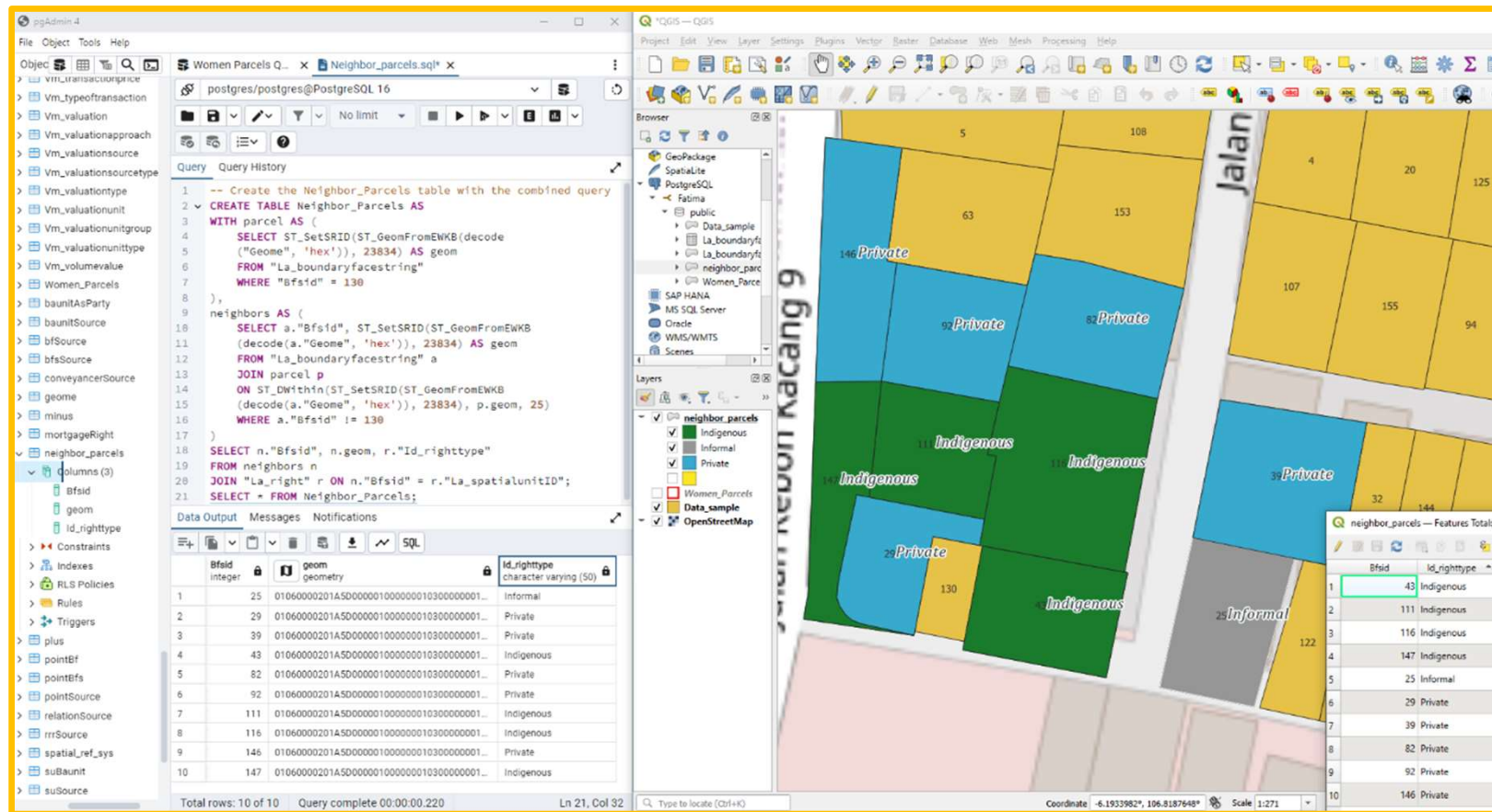
Women-owned parcels query execution



Query Execution and Spatial Distribution of Parce



Neighbouring parcels query execution in pgAdmin with the distribution and ownership rights displayed in QGIS.

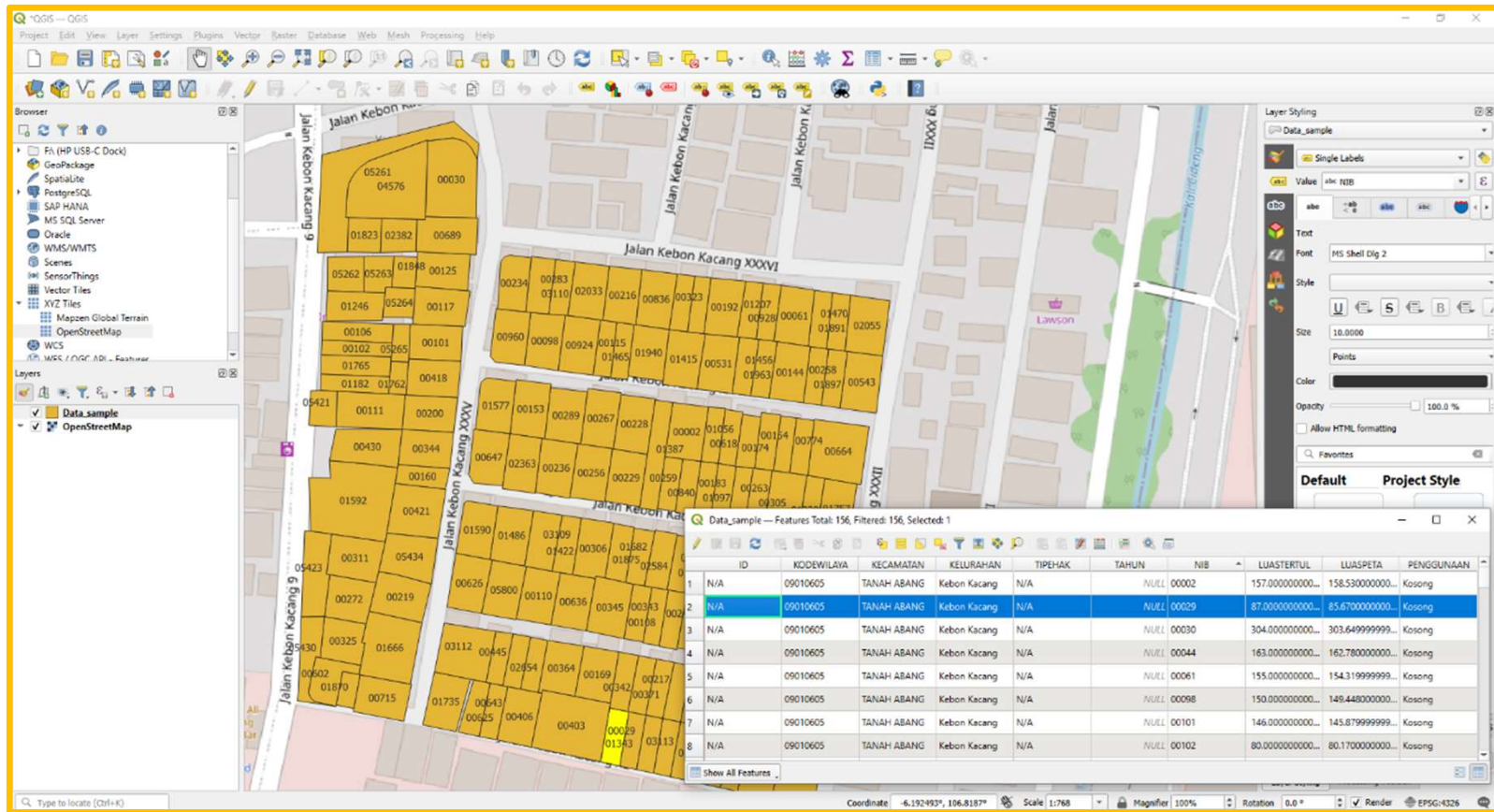


Neighbouring parcels query execution in pgAdmin with the distribution and ownership rights displayed in QGIS

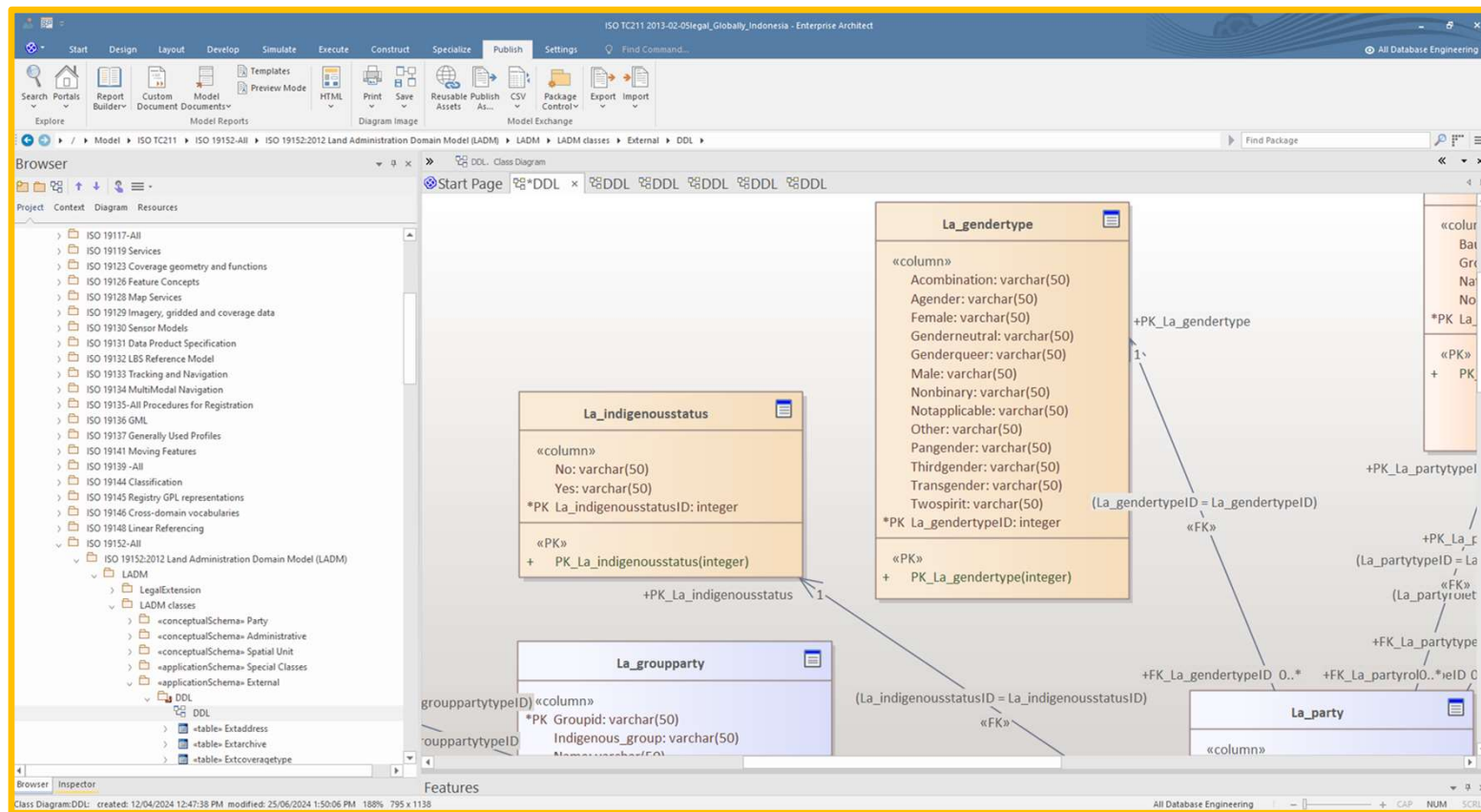
Conclusion

- **Extended LADM Implementation:** Successfully extended the Land Administration Domain Model (LADM) to address critical issues of marginalised communities.
- **Feasibility Demonstrated:** The implementation using PostgreSQL and pgAdmin validated the model's enhanced capabilities, proving its practical applicability
- **Alignment with Global Initiatives:** The model aligns with global Initiatives goals, such as the SDGs and FELA, promoting more inclusive and equitable land governance.
- **Technical Feasibility:** The physical data model faced challenges, but these were overcome through careful refinement and SQL adjustments.

Challenges: Data Collection and Insertion



Challenges: Modification of Relationships in DDL



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Challenges: Redundant and Unnecessary Data

Code List Representation in SQL

```
616
617 /*CREATE TABLE "Id_grouppartytype"
618 (
619     "Association" varchar(50) NULL,
620     "Baunitgroup" varchar(50) NULL,
621     "Family" varchar(50) NULL,
622     "Localcommunity" varchar(50) NULL,
623     "Masyarakatadat" varchar(50) NULL,
624     "Id_grouppartytypeID" integer NOT NULL
625 )
626 */
627 create table "Id_grouppartytype" (Id_grouppartytypeID integer,
628                                   type varchar(50)
629                                   );
630
631 insert into "Id_grouppartytype" (Id_grouppartytypeID, type) values
632 (1, 'Association'),
633 (2, 'Baunitgroup'),
634 (3, 'Family'),
635 (4, 'Localcommunity'),
636 (5, 'Masyarakatadat');
637
638 CREATE TABLE "Id_indigenousgroup" (
639     Id_indigenousgroupID integer,
640     indigenous_group varchar(50)
641 );
642 INSERT INTO "Id_indigenousgroup" (Id_indigenousgroupID, indigenous_group) VALUES
643 (1, 'Asing/luarNegeri'),
644 (2, 'Bali'),
645 (3, 'Banjar'),
646 (4, 'Batak'),
647 (5, 'Betawi'),
648 (6, 'Bugis'),
649 (7, 'Butonese'),
650 (8, 'Cina'),
651 (9, 'Cirebon'),
652 (10, 'Dayak'),
653 (11, 'Gorontalo'),
654 (12, 'Jawa'),
655 (13, 'Madura'),
656 (14, 'Makassar');
```

Thanks



SCAN ME

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More Info